CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



The City of La Grande Finance Department Kimberly Hulse Finance Officer



CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Officials of the City Organizational Chart FINANCIAL SECTION	i ii
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	A - C
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	a - g
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:	1 2
Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Balance Sheet	3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	4 5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	6
In Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Street Maintenance Fund Urban Renewal General Fund	7 8 9
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position	10
Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	11 12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fun Net Position of Enterprise Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Cash Flows Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	13 14 16 - 46
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Disclosures for The City's Street System Based on a Condition Index Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Schedule of the City's Contributions to the Oregon Public	47 48
Employees Retirement System Notes to Required Supplementary Information	48 49

	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Combining Statements – Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	50
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance	51
Combining Statements – Non-Major Enterprise Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and	
Changes in Net Position	53
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	54
Combining Statements – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	55
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and	
Changes in Net Position	56
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	57
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Schedule of Expenditures and Transfers – Budget and Actual (NON-GAAP	
BUDGETARY BASIS), By Department:	
General Fund	58
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual:	
Governmental Funds:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Street & Road	59
Grants & Donations	60
911 Emergency	61
Capital Project Funds:	
Capital Equipment and Improvement	62
General Building/Equipment Reserve	63
Debt Service Funds:	
Urban Renewal Debt	64
Proprietary Funds:	
Enterprise Funds:	
All Water Funds:	
Water	65
Water Reserve	66
Reconciliation to Generally Accepted Accounting	
Principles – All Water Funds	67
All Sewer Funds:	
Sewer	68
Sewer Reserve	69
CWSRF	70
Reconciliation to Generally Accepted Accounting	
Principles – All Sewer Funds	71
All Storm Utility Funds:	
Storm Utility	72
Storm Utility Reserve	73
Reconciliation to Generally Accepted Accounting	
Principles – All Storm Utility Funds	74

All Building Inspections Funds:	
Building Inspection	75
Building Inspection Reserve	76
Reconciliation to Generally Accepted Accounting	. •
Principles – All Building Inspection Funds	77
Internal Service Funds:	
Motor Pool Fund	78
Public Works Service Fund	78 79
Other Financial Schedules:	19
	00
Schedule of Outstanding Debt Principal and Interest Transactions	80
Schedule of Governmental Activities Debt Service Future Requirements	
Loans Payable	81
Bonds Payable	82
Schedule of Business-Type Activities Debt Service Future Requirements	
Loans Payable	83
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Union County 2017/16 Ten Largest Taxpayers	84
DEDODTS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED	
REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED	
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY	
OREGON STATE REGULATIONS	85 - 86
ONLOGIT OF THE NEW PARTIES	50 50







CITY OF LA GRANDE

OFFICIALS OF THE CITY JUNE 30, 2017

ELECTED OFFICIALS OF THE CITY

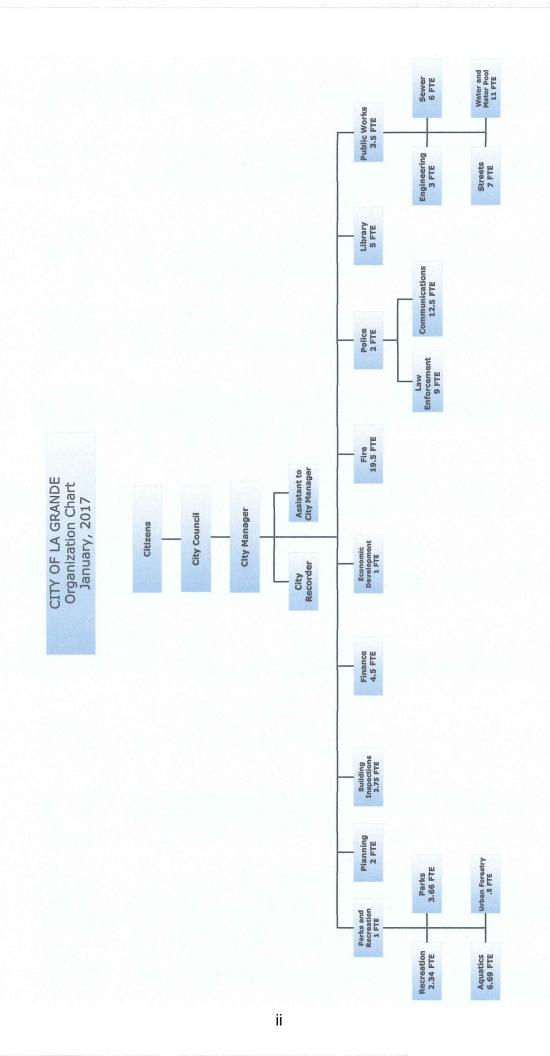
<u>Name</u>	Position	Term Expires
Steve Clements	Mayor	December 31, 2018
Gary Lillard	Mayor Pro Tem	December 31, 2018
Corrine Dutto	Council Member	December 31, 2020
Nicole Howard	Council Member	December 31, 2020
Mary Ann Miesner	Council Member	December 31, 2020
Troy Pointer	Council Member	December 31, 2018
Justin Rock	Council Member	December 31, 2018

CITY STAFF

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Robert Strope	City Manager
Kimberly Hulse	Finance Director
Brian Harvey	Police Chief
Stu Spence	Parks Director
Norm Paullus	
Bruce Weimer	Fire Chief
Teresa Washburn	Library Director

CITY ADDRESS
CITY OF LA GRANDE
1000 Adams Avenue
P.O. Box 670
La Grande, Oregon 97850

www.cityoflagrande.org







110 SE First Street P.O. Box 1533 Pendleton, OR 97801 Phone: (541) 276-6862 Toll Free: 1-800-332-6862

Fax: (541) 276-9040

Web: www.dickeyandtremper.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of La Grande, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Grande, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Grande, Oregon, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Urban Renewal General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, disclosures for the City's street system based on a condition index under the modified approach for infrastructure, schedules of the City's Proportional Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and the City's Contributions to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, and Notes to Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of La Grande, Oregon's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, other financial schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and other financial schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and other financial schedules are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2017, on our consideration of the City of La Grande's internal control over financial reporting and on tests of its compliance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-000 to 162-10-320. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Dickey and Tremper, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

December 28, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of La Grande, Oregon presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both a short- and long-term analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total assets on June 30, 2017 are \$100,868,308, which is a \$3,328,637 increase from last year's total assets of \$97,539,671.
- The City's total liabilities increased \$2,981,717 from \$11,591,506 to \$14,573,223, as of June 30, 2017. A large majority of the increase is due to the PERS net pension liability increase.
- The City's net position increased by \$2,568,868, from \$85,984,907 to \$88,553,775 which is an increase of 3%. Many assets and liabilities are reflected in this number. A \$1.9 million dollar grant from the State of Oregon was the major factor in this increase.
- On June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,139,856, which is a decrease of \$2,080,953 in comparison to the prior year ending fund balance of \$10,220,809. This represents a 20% decrease in ending fund balances. Activities within the Capital Equipment and Improvement fund included a realignment (transfer out) of funds to water and sewer reserves.
- The unrestricted fund balance (not reserved for future debt obligations) of the business-type activities (water, sewer, storm utility and building inspections) decreased 7.5% from \$6,949,318 to \$6,428,611. Total net position of business-type activities including invested in capital assets, net of related debt increased by 7.5%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements and other required supplementary information. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these reported as "net position". The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The statement of net position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snapshot view of the assets the City owns, the liabilities it owes and the net difference. The focus of the statement of net position (the "unrestricted net position") is designed to be similar to a bottom line or "net worth" for the City and its governmental and business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities presents information about how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. Examples would include showing water and sewer charges as revenue when billed to the customer and the cost of vacation earned but not used by our employees.

Overview of the Financial Statements - (continued)

This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues. The statement of activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities, which are provided by the government's property tax and other revenues.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a large portion of their cost through user fees and charges.

The governmental activities of the City include General Fund, Capital Equipment & Improvement, General Building/Equipment Reserve, Grants & Donations, Street Maintenance, Street & Road, 9-1-1 Emergency and Urban Renewal Funds. The Urban Renewal Fund is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable. The business-type activities of the City include Water, Sewer, Sewer Construction, Sewer Debt, Building Inspection and Storm Utility Funds.

2. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Funds allow the City to track sources of funding and spending for specific programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term, view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Proprietary funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: Enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's enterprise funds are the water, sewer, storm utilities, building inspection, sewer construction and sewer debt funds. Internal service funds allocate costs integrally among the City's various functions. Internal service funds include the Motor Pool fund, which accounts for fleet activities, and the Public Works Service fund, which accounts for all Labor related activities for Public Works personnel. Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short- and long- term financial information. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities.

3. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided. They are an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with them.

The City as a Whole

The City's combined net position increased by \$2,568,868, from \$85,984,907 to \$88,553,775. Net position represents cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, supplies inventories, capital assets (less accumulated depreciation), less all short and long-term liabilities. The City's cash and cash equivalents increased \$1,870,582 to \$19,191,345 from last year's amount of \$17,320,763. The net position of business-type activities increased \$4,037,183 while the Governmental activities net position decreased \$1,468,315, due in large part to a change in reporting of PERS (deferred outflow of resources) which applies to future periods. Capital assets represents utility and street systems, buildings and equipment valued over \$5,000 and having a useful life of more than one year. Net capital assets represent the cost of the asset less depreciation.

Condensed Financial Information - Following is condensed financial information derived from the City's government wide financial statement.

NET POSITION

		Governmen	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities						Total			
		6/30/2016		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2017
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ \$	13,110,761 57,021,201	\$ \$	11,222,484 58,338,073	\$ \$	8,282,705 19,125,004	\$ \$	12,305,021 19,002,730	\$ \$	21,393,466 76,146,205	\$ \$	23,527,505 77,340,803
Total Assets	\$	70,131,962	\$	69,560,557	\$	27,407,709	\$	31,307,751	\$	97,539,671	\$	100,868,308
Deferred Outflows of												
Resources	\$	440,217	\$	2,318,550	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	2,318,550
Long-Term Debt	\$	7,453,816	\$	10,248,359	\$	2,844,022	\$	2,637,856	\$	10,297,838	\$	12,886,215
Other Liabilities	\$	1,142,300	\$	1,466,615	\$	151,368	\$	220,393	\$	1,293,668	\$	1,687,008
Total Liabilities	\$	8,596,116	\$	11,714,974	\$	2,995,390	\$	2,858,249	\$	11,591,506	\$	14,573,223
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	403,475	\$	59,860	\$	-	\$		\$	403,475	\$	59,860
Net Position: Net investment in capital												
assets	\$	53,645,143	\$	55,133,990	\$	17,103,185	\$	17,260,450	\$	70,748,328	\$	72,394,440
Restricted	\$	3,179,449	\$	2,780,963	\$	359,816	\$	4,760,441	\$	3,539,265	\$	7,541,404
Unrestricted	\$	4,747,996	\$	2,189,320	\$	6,949,318	\$	6,428,611	\$	11,697,314	\$	8,617,931
	\$	61,572,588	\$	60,104,273	\$	24,412,319	\$	28,449,502	\$	85,984,907	\$	88,553,775

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-Ty	ctivities		To	tal		
		6/30/2016		6/30/2017	(6/30/2016		6/30/2017	6/30/2016			6/30/2017
REVENUES												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	1,919,427	\$	2,172,200	\$	6,953,111	\$	7,087,463	\$	8,872,538	\$	9,259,663
Operating grants		1,329,654		1,279,155		-		-		1,329,654		1,279,155
Capital grants		399,703		2,048,601		-		73,228		399,703		2,121,829
General revenues		-		-		-		-		-		· · · -
Property taxes		5,522,774		5,040,006		-		-		5,522,774		5,040,006
Franchise Taxes		1,131,800		1,178,595		-		-		1,131,800		1,178,595
Other Taxes		831,496		850,102		-		-		831,496		850,102
Other Income		1,033		339		-		-		1,033		339
Interest Income		64,893		104,844		46,442		104,559		111,335		209,403
Total Revenues		11,200,780		12,673,842		6,999,553		7,265,250		18,200,333		19,939,092
Expenses												
General government		792,046		836,936		-		-		792,046		836,936
Police department		4,451,253		3,691,917		-		-		4,451,253		3,691,917
Fire Department		2,734,497		2,571,743		-		-		2,734,497		2,571,743
Community development		942,694		1,049,599		-		-		942,694		1,049,599
Public services		2,110,261		2,244,298		-		-		2,110,261		2,244,298
Highways and streets		1,723,031		1,260,395		-		-		1,723,031		1,260,395
Interest on long-term debt		118,350		114,888		-		-		118,350		114,888
Water		-		-		2,237,232		2,208,155		2,237,232		2,208,155
Sewer		-		-		2,431,480		2,512,778		2,431,480		2,512,778
Storm utility		-		-		156,296		336,545		156,296		336,545
Building inspection		-		-		506,985		536,350		506,985		536,350
Total Expenses		12,872,132		11,769,776		5,331,993		5,593,828		18,204,125		17,363,604
Excess (deficiency)												
before special items and												
transfers		(1,671,352)		904,066		1,667,560		1,671,422		(3,792)		2,575,488
Special Items:										-		-
Transfers of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-
Donated property revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loss on disposal of assets	6	(30,536)		(6,620)		-		-		(30,536)		(6,620)
Operating Transfers		(329,998)		(2,365,761)		329,998		2,365,761		<u>-</u>		-
Increase (decrease) in												
net position	\$	(2,031,886)	\$	(1,468,315)	\$	1,997,558	\$	4,037,183	\$	(34,328)	\$	2,568,868

Governmental Activities

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,139,856 a decrease of \$2,080,953 in comparison with the prior years ending fund balance of \$10,220,809.

The City maintains nine governmental funds and each fund has a unique purpose. Four funds (General, Street Maintenance and Urban Renewal General and Debt funds) are classified as major funds for the purposes of this report, based on criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which is a mathematical formula that takes into consideration the funds relative size. The activity in the major funds is described below.

Governmental Funds –At the end of fiscal year 2017, the fund balance was \$8,139,856, and \$2,080,953 decrease from the ending balance of \$10,220,809 for fiscal year 2016. The Capital Equipment and Improvement Fund is no longer being reported as a major fund attributed to this difference.

Street Maintenance Fund – This fund met the requirements as a major fund this year. At the end of fiscal year 2017, the fund balance was \$375,969. The Street Maintenance Fund is responsible for maintaining City streets.

Governmental Activities – (continued)

Urban Renewal General Fund – Revenues and transfers in, accounted for the \$618,862 in total revenues. Expenditures were \$604,761, down \$951,118 from the prior year with the Adams Avenue project nearly complete. The fund balance increased \$14,101. There was no new issuance of debt.

Urban Renewal Debt Fund - The fund balance decreased by \$576,009 during the year. Revenues, were \$210,137, and expenses, including transfers out, were \$786,146. Prior year revenues and expenses were \$1,351,104 and \$1,529,982 respectively. The significant change in revenues were attributed to the under levy of the property taxes levied by the Urban Renewal Agency.

Business-Type Activities

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Proprietary funds (or enterprise funds) are those funds that account for government operations where the intent is for the costs to be primarily paid for by the beneficiary. The business-type activities of the City are accounted for in nine enterprise funds. Five of these funds (including water reserves, sewer reserves and sewer debt) are classified as major funds for the purposes of this report. The activity in the major funds is described below.

All Water Funds – The Water Fund accounts for the cost of the operation and maintenance of the City's reservoirs, wells and the distribution system for potable water. The fund net position increased by \$1,332,772 during the year as reserves hold a larger balance for the anticipated Beaver Creek Project. Revenues were \$3,893,190 which included the transfer in of \$965,789 from the Water and Capital Equipment and Improvement funds, and expenses, including transfers out, were \$2,615,518 as compared to prior year revenues of \$2,919,718 and expenses of \$2,390,549.

All Sewer Funds – The Sewer Fund accounts for the cost of the operation and maintenance of the collection system and the waste water treatment plant. The fund net position increased by \$2,720,236. Revenues, including transfers in, were \$6,868,161 and expenses, including transfers out, were \$4,147,925. Prior year revenues and expenses were \$4,378,436 and \$3,241,808 respectively.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget amounts shown in the financial statements reflect the original budget amounts. There were no supplemental budgets, however, the City did adjust by transfer of appropriations a change of \$60,000 from General Fund contingencies to the City Manager/City Council budget for unanticipated cost for employee/COBRA costs, legal expenses and pass thru Transient Room Tax dollars to the County.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$77,340,803 (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to the prior year net capital assets of \$76,146,205. This investment in capital assets includes land, right-of-way, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings (such as parks and park improvements), equipment, and infrastructure (water systems, transportation, storm water, and wastewater). Overall, the City's net book value for capital assets increased by \$1,163,015 due to a street infrastructure improvement (20th street).

The City of La Grande manages the City's roadway infrastructure using the modified approach. There have been minor changes in the assessed condition of the assets that reflect the wear of the roadways, while also showing the results of the maintenance investments. Currently, the assessed condition of each of the pavement sections exceeds the level that has been adopted by the City, and is being adequately maintained.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017

Capital Asset and Debt Administration – (continued)

There have historically been no differences in the actual amounts expended to maintain these levels, to the amounts needed that are estimated annually.

Long-term Debt – At year-end, the City had \$4,970,712 in bonds (Including deferred premium) and notes outstanding. Total debt outstanding decreased by 7.9% over last year as shown in the table below. More detailed information

OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	- 6	5/30/2016	6/30/2017		6/3	6/30/2016		6/30/2017		5/30/2016	6	5/30/2017
Sewer Treatment	\$	-	\$	-	\$2,0)21,819	\$	1,742,280	\$	2,021,819	\$	1,742,280
Oregon Economic Development	\$	940,218	\$	904,083	\$	-	\$	-	\$	940,218	\$	904,083
Urban Renewal Bond 2012A	\$	910,000	\$	865,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	910,000	\$	865,000
Urban Renewal Bond 2015A	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,435,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,435,000
Deferred Premium	\$	25,850	\$	24,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,850	\$	24,349
Totals	\$	3,376,068	\$	3,228,432	\$ 2,0	21,819	\$	1,742,280	\$	5,397,887	\$	4,970,712

about the City's long-term obligations is presented in Note III (E) beginning on page 30 of this report.

Component Units

La Grande Urban Renewal Agency is a legally separate organization for which the City is accountable. This agency is so intertwined with the City that it is in substance the same as the City and, therefore, is blended and reported as if it was a part of the City. The elected Mayor and City Council serve as the governing board of the La Grande Urban Renewal Agency. The separate financial statements for the La Grande Urban Renewal Agency are available at City Hall.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax, making property taxes the major resource for most governmental agencies in Oregon. This resource is used for governmental activities. Business-type activities are funded with utility fees and charges for services.

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, the long-term impacts of the local economy were examined in conjunction with business decisions made by the City. Like all cities in Oregon, the City is operating under Measure 50, the ad valorem tax limitation measure approved by voters on May 20, 1997. This measure rolled back assessed values to 1995-96 levels and effectively limited increased property tax revenues the city could anticipate in future years to a maximum of three percent, with permitted allowances for increasing valuations based on new construction. No substantive changes to the basic provisions of Measure 50 have been enacted during subsequent Oregon Legislative sessions.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates - (continued)

The following are the major assumptions used in developing the budget for fiscal year 2017-2018.

- 1. Interest rates on investments are continuing to increase slightly.
- 2. Most revenue projections are conservative based upon a projected status quo economy.
- 3. The City Council authorized a 5% rate increase for water.
- 4. A moderate under levy of the amount of assessed value upon which Urban Renewal revenues are based.
- 5. The City would set aside portions of its fund balances for contingencies and emergency situations.
- 6. Three bargaining groups entered into new three-year contracts commencing June 21, 2017 and the pay and benefits provided for the management group were also determined for the same three years.

The goals of the budget were to maintain as many of the existing staffing and service levels as possible, continue to invest in infrastructure and equipment, and maintain an appropriate level of resources needed to achieve these goals.

Requests for Information

The City's financial report is designed to provide City taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Kim Hulse, Finance Director at 1000 Adams Avenue, La Grande, OR 97850 or kimhulse@cityoflagrande.org

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Primary	Government
---------	------------

	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,042,804	\$	10,148,541	\$ 19,191,345
Receivables:				
Accounts, net	866,564		1,050,469	1,917,033
Property taxes	549,165		-	549,165
Assessments	50,795		-	50,795
Notes	695,974		-	695,974
Internal balances	(373,261)		373,261	-
Prepaid items	139,398		-	139,398
Inventories	51,045		372,934	423,979
Restricted assets:				
Temporarily restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	-		359,816	359,816
Investment in IOOF building	200,000		_	200,000
Capital assets:				
Land	879,768		276,216	1,155,984
Infrastructure on modified approach	44,324,104		-	44,324,104
Construction in progress	18,970		140,161	159,131
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	13,115,231		18,586,353	31,701,584
, ,	 , ,		, ,	 , ,
Total assets	 69,560,557		31,307,751	 100,868,308
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 2,318,550			 2,318,550
LIADUITICO				
LIABILITIES	040 440		202.024	1 050 070
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	849,449		202,824	1,052,273
Accrued interest payable	30,817		6,011	36,828
Deposits	13,275		- 11 EEO	13,275
Compensated absences	573,074		11,558	584,632
Long-term obligations:	4.40.004		200 240	400 700
Due within one year	146,381		290,348	436,729
Due in more than one year	 10,101,978		2,347,508	 12,449,486
Total liabilities	 11,714,974		2,858,249	 14,573,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	59,860			 59,860
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	55,133,990		17,260,450	72,394,440
Restricted for:				
Highways and streets	873,589		_	873,589
System development	172,700		4,400,625	4,573,325
Debt service	-		359,816	359,816
Urban Renewal District projects	1,210,918		-	1,210,918
Other grants and projects	523,756		_	523,756
Unrestricted	2,189,320		6,428,611	8,617,931
Omeanicleu	 2,109,320			
Total net position	\$ 60,104,273	\$	28,449,502	\$ 88,553,775

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

					P	ent	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 836,936	\$ 174,901	\$ -	\$ 2,263	\$ (659,772)	\$ -	\$ (659,772)
Police department	3,691,917	275,699	348,272	6,270	(3,061,676)	-	(3,061,676)
Fire & EMS department	2,571,743	1,004,333	-	-	(1,567,410)	-	(1,567,410)
Community development	1,049,599	-	-	81,234	(968,365)	-	(968,365)
Public services	2,244,298	158,536	142,019	48,735	(1,895,008)	-	(1,895,008)
Highways and streets	1,260,395	558,731	788,864	1,910,099	1,997,299	-	1,997,299
Interest on long-term obligations	114,888				(114,888)		(114,888)
Total governmental activities	11,769,776	2,172,200	1,279,155	2,048,601	(6,269,820)		(6,269,820)
Business-type activities:							
Water	2,208,155	2,898,966	-	55,100	-	745,911	745,911
Sewer	2,512,778	3,450,357	-	-	-	937,579	937,579
Storm utility	336,545	209,967	-	18,128	-	(108,450)	(108,450)
Building inspection	536,350	528,173				(8,177)	(8,177)
Total business-type activities	5,593,828	7,087,463		73,228		1,566,863	1,566,863
Total primary government	\$17,363,604	\$ 9,259,663	\$1,279,155	\$2,121,829	(6,269,820)	1,566,863	(4,702,957)
	General revenu	s levied for:			4005440		
	General pu	•			4,865,142	-	4,865,142
	Debt service		a tawaa		174,864	-	174,864
		d public service			2,028,697	404.550	2,028,697
	Miscellaneou	investment earr	iings		104,844 339	104,559	209,403 339
		is n sale of propei	rts ((6,620)	_	(6,620)
	Transfers	ii sale oi piopei	ity		(0,020)	2,365,761	(0,020)
	Total general re	evenues and tra	ansfers		4,801,505	2,470,320	7,271,825
	Change in net	position			(1,468,315)	4,037,183	2,568,868
	Net position, be	eginning			61,572,588	24,412,319	85,984,907
	Net position, er	nding			\$60,104,273	\$28,449,502	\$88,553,775



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, police, fire & EMS, community development, and public services.

Street Maintenance Fund

The Street Maintenance Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets. Principal sources of revenues are the street maintenance fee and interest income.

Urban Renewal General

The Urban Renewal General Fund accounts for the primary operating activity for the Agency. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Urban Renewal Debt Fund

The Urban Renewal Debt Fund accounts for revenue specifically reserved for Urban Renewal debt service.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Street Maintenance Fund	Urban Renewal General Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,040,305	\$ 568,218	\$ 1,227,541	\$ 21,487	\$ 2,473,742	\$ 8,331,293
Receivables:						
Property taxes	465,713	-	-	83,452	-	549,165
Accounts, net	614,223	171,931	-	-	80,410	866,564
Assessments	-	-	-	-	50,795	50,795
Notes	-	=	695,974	-	-	695,974
Inventory	-	-	-	-	46,566	46,566
Prepaid items	5,489		-			5,489
Total assets	\$ 5,125,730	\$ 740,149	\$1,923,515	\$ 104,939	\$ 2,651,513	\$10,545,846
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$ 400,638	\$ 227,675	\$ 40,393	\$ -	\$ 106,316	\$ 775,022
Deposits					13,275	13,275
Total liabilities	400,638	227,675	40,393	-	119,591	788,297
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
Unavailable revenue	653,250	136,505	695,974	81,169	50,795	1,617,693
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	5,489	-	-	-	46,566	52,055
Restricted	-	375,969	1,187,148	23,770	1,194,082	2,780,969
Assigned	20,000	-	-	-	1,240,479	1,260,479
Unassigned	4,046,353			-		4,046,353
Total fund balances	4,071,842	375,969	1,187,148	23,770	2,481,127	8,139,856
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	¢ 5 125 720	¢ 740 140	¢ 1 022 545	¢ 104 020	¢ 2.651.542	\$10 E4E 946
or resources and fund balances	\$ 5,125,730	\$ 740,149	<u>\$1,923,515</u>	\$ 104,939	\$ 2,651,513	<u>\$10,545,846</u>

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 8,139,856
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	56,920,851
Real estate held for investment in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	200,000
Prepaid health insurance is expensed in the fund financial statements as it is paid, but in the Statement of Net Position, it is reported as an asset for a prepaid expenditure.	96,018
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the fund statements.	1,617,693
Net pension liability and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,217,767)
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(380,165)
Accrued other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,543,470)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, is not reported in the fund statements.	(30,817)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable and the related premium on debt, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.	(3,228,432)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge motor pool costs and public works labor to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	4 500 500
activities in the Statement of Net Position.	 1,530,506
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 60,104,273

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Street Maintenance Fund	Urban Renewal General Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$4,788,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193,235	\$ -	\$ 4,981,874
Other taxes	505,622	-	-	· ,	· -	505,622
Franchise fees	1,178,595	_	_	-	_	1,178,595
Assessments	-,	-	-	_	11,943	11,943
Assessment Interest	_	_	1,593	_	-	1,593
Licenses and fees	24.440		1,595			
	24,110	440.040	-	-	40.044	24,110
Charges for services	1,346,369	419,918	-	-	18,311	1,784,598
Intergovernmental	474,351	=	25,000	=	1,173,643	1,672,994
Fines and forfeitures	74,434	-	-	-	-	74,434
Contributions	-	-	-	-	6,763	6,763
Interest on investments	42,131	4,024	-	16,902	34,506	97,563
Miscellaneous	150,790	11,615	69,641	-	43,496	275,542
TOTAL REVENUES	8,585,041	435,557	96,234	210,137	1,288,662	10,615,631
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	790,791	-	-	-	-	790,791
Police department	2,839,769	-	-	-	369,758	3,209,527
Fire & EMS department	2,114,895	-	-	-	19,617	2,134,512
Community development	289,272	-	301,843	-	-	591,115
Public services	1,471,953	-	-	-	55,086	1,527,039
Highways and streets	· · · -	331,164	-	-	897,336	1,228,500
Capital outlay	157,165	, <u>-</u>	302,918	=	125,737	585,820
Debt service	· -	-	· -	263,518	· -	263,518
					·	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,663,845	331,164	604,761	263,518	1,467,534	10,330,822
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES `	921,196	104,393	(508,527)	(53,381)	(178,872)	284,809
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	522,628	-	267,486	790,114
Transfers out	(110,736)	-	-	(522,628)	(2,522,511)	(3,155,875)
					·	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	(110,736)		522,628	(522,628)	(2,255,025)	(2,365,761)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	810,460	104,393	14,101	(576,009)	(2,433,897)	(2,080,952)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	3,261,382	271,576	1,173,047	599,779	4,915,024	10,220,808
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$4,071,842	\$ 375,969	\$1,187,148	\$ 23,770	\$ 2,481,127	\$ 8,139,856

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (2,080,952)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Unavailable revenues	189,035
Repayment of long-term obligations principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets.	
in the Statement of Net Assets.	146,135
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in prepaid health insurance	3,897
Change in compensated absences	21,087
Change in accrued interest payable	994
Amortization of bond premium	1,501
Change in other postemployment benefits	(210,488)
Change in pension asset (liability) and related deferred outflows and inflows Change in net relizable value of IOOF building	(509,743)
Change in het renzable value of reen ballang	(220,361)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets are allocated over the useful lives and reported as depreciation	
Capital asset additions \$ 2,127,415	
Basis of assets disposed (10,718)	
Depreciation expense (907,413)	
	1,209,284
	,,
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activites to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds are allocated between governmental and	
business - type activities.	 (18,704)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ (1,468,315)

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original F		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	4,800,500	\$	4,800,500	\$	4,788,639	\$	(11,861)
Other taxes		510,000		510,000		505,622		(4,378)
Franchise fees		1,186,168		1,186,168		1,178,595		(7,573)
Licenses and fees		33,000		33,000		24,110		(8,890)
Charges for services		1,199,330		1,199,330		1,346,369		147,039
Intergovernmental		453,219		453,219		474,351		21,132
Fines and forfeitures		56,500		56,500		74,434		17,934
Interest on investments		13,800		13,800		42,131		28,331
Miscellaneous		413,617		413,617		452,632		39,015
TOTAL REVENUES		8,666,134		8,666,134		8,886,883		220,749
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		1,507,583		1,567,583		1,467,772		99,811
Police department		3,102,489		3,102,489		2,839,769		262,720
Fire & EMS department		2,300,100		2,300,100		2,114,895		185,205
Community development		619,828		619,828		539,035		80,793
Public works		1,564,017		1,564,017		1,471,953		92,064
Capital outlay		188,500		188,500		157,165		31,335
Contingency		300,000		240,000	_	<u>-</u> _		240,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,582,517		9,582,517		8,590,589		991,928
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(916,383)		(916,383)		296,294		1,212,677
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		000 000		000 000		004.000		(5.000)
Transfers in		629,902		629,902		624,902		(5,000)
Transfers out		(110,736)		(110,736)		(110,736)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		519,166		519,166		514,166		(5,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(397,217)		(397,217)		810,460		1,207,677
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		2,826,230		2,826,230		3,261,382		435,152
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	2,429,013	\$	2,429,013	\$	4,071,842	\$	1,642,829

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET MAINTENANCE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive / (Negative)	
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	419,918	\$	9,918
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		4,024		3,024
Miscellaneous		-		-		11,615		11,615
TOTAL REVENUES		411,000		411,000		435,557		24,557
EXPENDITURES Current: Highways and streets:								
Materials and services		500,300		500,300		331,164		169,136
Capital outlay		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Contingency		75,195		75,195				75,195
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		576,495	-	576,495	-	331,164		245,331
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(165,495)		(165,495)		104,393		269,888
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(165,495)		(165,495)		104,393		269,888
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		209,459		209,459		271,576		62,117
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	43,964	\$	43,964	\$	375,969	\$	332,005

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

URBAN RENEWAL GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive / (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES Assessment Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.593	\$ 1.593	
	*	*	* 1,555	\$ 1,593	
Intergovernmental	25,000	25,000	25,000	-	
Miscellaneous	-	_	69,641	69,641	
TOTAL REVENUES	25,000	25,000	96,234	71,234	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Community development:					
Materials and services	373,967	373,967	301,843	72,124	
Capital outlay	1,062,175	1,062,175	302,918	759,257	
Contingency	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,536,142	1,536,142	604,761	931,381	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,511,142)	(1,511,142)	(508,527)	1,002,615	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	807,000	807,000	522,628	(284,372)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	807,000	807,000	522,628	(284,372)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(704,142)	(704,142)	14,101	718,243	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	1,257,375	1,257,375	1,173,047	(84,328)	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 553,233	\$ 553,233	\$ 1,187,148	\$ 633,915	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds

The City of La Grande uses Proprietary Funds comprised entirely of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services and to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the water sewer, storm sewer, and building inspection activities. These funds are entirely or predominately self-supported through user charges to the customer. Funds included are:

- All Water
- All Sewer
- Other Enterprise

For budgetary purposes (see budget schedules in Supplemental Information), the above funds are accounted for in the following separate funds:

All Water Funds

- o Water
- Water Reserve

All Sewer Funds

- o Sewer
- o Sewer Construction
- o CWSRF

Other Enterprise Funds

- Storm Utility
- o Storm Utility Reserve
- Building Inspections
- o Building Inspections Reserve

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

	В	Governmental				
	All Water Funds	All Sewer Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 2,683,230	\$ 6,192,284	\$ 1,273,027	\$10,148,541	\$ 711,511	
Accounts, net Prepaid items	436,401 -	568,794	45,274 -	1,050,469	- 37,891	
Inventories	336,495	36,439		372,934	4,480	
Total current assets	3,456,126	6,797,517	1,318,301	11,571,944	753,882	
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Capital assets:	-	359,816	-	359,816	-	
Land	82,573	193,643	-	276,216	-	
Construction in progress Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	140,161 5,043,613	- 12,445,448	1,097,292	140,161 18,586,353	- 1,417,222	
Depreciable assets, her of depreciation	3,043,013	12,445,446	1,097,292	10,300,333	1,417,222	
Total noncurrent assets	5,266,347	12,998,907	1,097,292	19,362,546	1,417,222	
Total assets	8,722,473	19,796,424	2,415,593	30,934,490	2,171,104	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	-	-	-	-	-	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	146,525	31,337	24,962	202,824	74,427	
Accrued interest payable	-	6,011	-	6,011	-	
Compensated absences payable Current portion of long-term debt	=	290,348	11,558	11,558 290,348	192,909	
Current portion or long-term debt		290,346		290,340		
Total current liabilities	146,525	327,696	36,520	510,741	267,336	
Long-term obligations, net of current portion						
Notes and contracts payable	-	1,451,932	-	1,451,932	-	
Other postemployment benefits	345,223	448,009	102,344	895,576		
Total non-current liabilities	345,223	1,899,941	102,344	2,347,508		
Total liabilities	491,748	2,227,637	138,864	2,858,249	267,336	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	<u>-</u>			<u> </u>		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	5,266,347	10,896,811	1,097,292	17,260,450	1,417,222	
Restricted for system development	874,464	3,472,245	53,916	4,400,625	·	
Restricted for debt service	-	359,816	=	359,816	<u>-</u>	
Unrestricted	2,089,914	2,839,915	1,125,521	6,055,350	486,546	
Total net position	\$ 8,230,725	\$ 17,568,787	\$ 2,276,729	\$28,076,241	\$ 1,903,768	

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Net position - total enterprise funds

\$28,076,241

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position, but a portion of the residual balance is attributed to charges paid from the Business-type Activities.

373,261

Net position of business - type activities

\$28,449,502

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental	
	All Water Funds	All Sewer Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Type Activities - Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 2,865,986	\$ 3,426,277	\$ 209,967	\$ 6,502,230	\$ 2,979,076	
Licenses and fees	-	-	528,043	528,043	-	
Miscellaneous	32,980	24,080	18,258	75,318	339	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,898,966	3,450,357	756,268	7,105,591	2,979,415	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	441,560	700,813	268,858	1,411,231	2,633,106	
Materials and services	1,353,720	1,096,738	538,613	2,989,071	224,179	
Depreciation	377,671	602,934	54,381	1,034,986	191,211	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,172,951	2,400,485	861,852	5,435,288	3,048,496	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	726,015	1,049,872	(105,584)	1,670,303	(69,081)	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)						
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(14,192)	(10,613)	=	(24,805)	(6,620)	
Interest on investments	28,435	61,749	14,375	104,559	7,282	
Interest expense		(84,019)	-	(84,019)		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	14,243	(32,883)	14,375_	(4,265)	662	
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	740,258	1,016,989	(91,209)	1,666,038	(68,419)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						
Intergovernmental	55,100	-	-	55,100	-	
TRANSFERS						
Transfers In	965,789	3,356,055	195,100	4,516,944	-	
Transfers out	(428,375)	(1,652,808)	(70,000)	(2,151,183)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,332,772	2,720,236	33,891	4,086,899	(68,419)	
NET POSITION, Beginning	6,897,953	14,848,551	2,242,838	23,989,342	1,972,187	
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 8,230,725	\$ 17,568,787	\$ 2,276,729	\$ 28,076,241	\$ 1,903,768	

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION OF ENTERPRISE FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Change in net position - total enterprise funds	\$ 4,086,899
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activites are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. A portion of the net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are allocated to business - type	
activities.	 (49,716)

4,037,183

Change in net position of business - type activities

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental	
	All Water Funds	All Sewer Funds	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Activities Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,886,882	\$ 3,245,408	\$ 738,033	\$ 6,870,323	\$ 339	
Receipts from interfund services provided	=	=	-	=	2,979,076	
Payments to suppliers	(376,428)	(423,263)	(328,476)	(1,128,167)	(1,081,677)	
Payments to employees	-	=	(176,630)	(176,630)	(1,595,985)	
Payments for interfund services used	(1,400,790)	(1,359,432)	(311,456)	(3,071,678)	(151,075)	
Net cash provided from (used by) operating activities	1,109,664	1,462,713	(78,529)	2,493,848	150,678	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES						
Transfers in	965,789	3,356,055	195,100	4,516,944	-	
Transfers out	(428,375)	(1,652,808)	(70,000)	(2,151,183)		
Net cash provided from (used by) non-capital financing activities	537,414	1,703,247	125,100	2,365,761	<u> </u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of capital assets	(348,103)	(427,582)	(74,250)	(849,935)	(305,417)	
Principal paid on long-term obligations	-	(279,539)	-	(279,539)	-	
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(84,894)		(84,894)		
Net cash provided from (used by) capital and related financing activities	(348,103)	(792,015)	(74,250)	(1,214,368)	(305,417)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on investments	28,435	61,749	14,375	104,559	7,282	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	28,435	61,749	14,375	104,559	7,282	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,327,410	2,435,694	(13,304)	3,749,800	(147,457)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning	1,355,820	4,116,406	1,286,331	6,758,557	858,968	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$ 2,683,230	\$ 6,552,100	\$ 1,273,027	\$10,508,357	\$ 711,511	

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				ds	 vernmental		
		All Water Funds		All Sewer Funds	E	Other Interprise Funds	Totals	Activities Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided from (used by) operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	726,015	\$	1,049,872	\$	(105,584)	\$ 1,670,303	\$ (69,081)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets:		377,671		602,934		54,381	1,034,986	191,211
Receivables		(12,084)		(204,949)		(18,235)	(235,268)	-
Inventories		(31,866)		-		-	(31,866)	23
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		21,920		(21,389)		(21,345)	(20,814)	(4,573)
Compensated absences payable		-		-		3,134	3,134	33,098
Other postemployment benefits		28,008		36,245		9,120	73,373	 <u>-</u>
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$ 1.	,109,664	\$	1,462,713	\$	(78,529)	\$ 2,493,848	\$ 150,678





CITY OF LA GRANDE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of La Grande, Oregon (the City) is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City Council, composed of the Mayor and six Council members, comprises the legislative branch of the City. Individual departments are under the direction of the City Manager, who is appointed by the City Council.

The accompanying financial statements present all activities, funds and component units for which the City is considered financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criterion the City is a primary government with the following includable component unit.

La Grande Urban Renewal Agency

The Agency was formed on November 17, 1999 for the purpose of assisting in the economic development of the City of La Grande and is responsible for the urban growth and development within its boundaries. The Agency's governing body consists of the Mayor and City Council members. The City is required to certify to the County Assessor any incremental taxes to be levied for the benefit of the Agency. Since the City Council acts as its governing board, it has been included as a blended component unit in the financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at the City's administrative offices at 1000 Adams Avenue, La Grande, Oregon 97850.

B. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City (the primary government) and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-types activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the City is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds included the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

For Governmental Funds, funds are funded by a variety of resources, which include Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned sources. Unless specifically tracked, expenditures are assumed to begin with Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and lastly, Unassigned.

For Proprietary Funds, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues, which are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting, include property taxes, court fines, ambulance, and federal and state grants. Other revenue items are considered measurable and available when received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The Street Maintenance Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets. Principal sources of revenues are the street utility fee and interest.

The *Urban Renewal General Fund* accounts for the primary operating activity for the Urban Renewal Agency. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *Urban Renewal Debt Fund* accounts for revenue specifically reserved for Urban Renewal debt service.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water system.

The Sewer Funds account for the operating and maintenance of the sewer system.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted or committed to finance particular functions or activities.

Capital projects funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital Project Funds exclude those types of capital related outflows financed by proprietary funds.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the Local Government Investment Pool, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the City for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at June 30, 2017, based on market prices. The individual fund's portion of the pool's fair value is presented as cash and cash equivalents. Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds monthly based on the ending balance of each participating fund.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not available expendable financial resources.

Other receivables including accounts, entitlements, and shared revenues are reported in accordance with the policies enumerated in Paragraph C above. An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established for the General, Street Maintenance, Water, Sewer, and Storm Utility and represents the portion of receivables not expected to be collected.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories are valued at estimated average cost value using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method in the Water, Sewer, and Street & Road funds. Expenses are recognized when the inventories are consumed. Other inventories are taken for control purposes only with no dollar value assigned.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, land, land improvements, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets include the City's street and road system. GAAP allows governments to use a modified approach for reporting infrastructure assets. This modified approach requires the government to manage its eligible infrastructure using an asset management system and to document that the eligible infrastructure assets are being preserved at or above a condition level established and disclosed by the government. The City has elected to use the modified approach for reporting its infrastructure assets. Using a pavement management system, the City has inventoried all City streets, assigned a condition, and arrived at an overall weighted composite index for all streets. The pavement management system allows the City to calculate a replacement cost for all functional classes of streets using linear feet. The total replacement cost was deflated to estimated historical cost figures using a historical construction cost index for the original estimated date of

construction. The costs of maintenance and preservation that do not add to the asset's capacity or serviceability are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. There was no interest capitalized during the year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Life
Buildings	5 – 50 years
Land Improvements	10 – 50 years
Equipment	5 – 30 years
Water & Sewer Systems	5 – 50 years

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation leave balances and comp time. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

The City accrues a liability for compensated absences, which meet the following criteria: (1) the City's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees services already rendered, (2) the obligation related to rights that vest or accumulate, (3) payment of the compensation is probable, (4) the amount can be reasonably estimated. In accordance with the above criteria, the City has accrued a liability for 100% of vacation pay which has been earned, but not taken, by City employees.

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Sick leave accrues to full-time permanent employees to specified maximums.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that met the definition of GASB 54: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. The constraints are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash and include inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted - constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – reported when the City Council passes a resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the resolution at any time through passage of an additional resolution.

Assigned - resources are constrained by the government's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed when the City council approves which resources should be assigned to expenditures of particular purposes during the adoption of the annual budget. The City Council has authorized the City Manager or his designee to use that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in the City's fund financial statements.

Unassigned – the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When the option is available to use restricted or unrestricted resources for any purpose, the City expends restricted resources first. When the option is available to use committed, assigned, or unassigned resources for any purpose, the City expends committed resources before assigned resources, and assigned resources before unassigned resources.

9. Restricted Net Position

Restrictions on net position that are imposed either by creditors, grantors, laws or other regulations, or by enabling legislation are reported as restricted net position.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, expenses and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Pending Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB 75 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement 45. Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended. The scope of the statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017 and the effect on the City's financial statements has not yet been determined.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for all funds, except for the proprietary funds and the General fund. The annual budget for proprietary funds is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is not consistent with GAAP, in order to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. The General fund budgets interfund reimbursements of expenses from other funds as revenue and transfers in, which is not consistent with GAAP. For GAAP reporting, \$926,744 was eliminated from revenues/ transfers and the corresponding reimbursed expenditures. Transfers out representing the expenditure reimbursements were reclassified to expenditures in the Street & Road Fund, 911 Emergency Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Building Inspections Fund to be consistent with GAAP. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon Local Budget Law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Management develops budget recommendations through early spring with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City Council adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds, which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of budgetary control is established at the department level for the General Fund. For all other funds, the level of budgetary control is established at the function level (Public Works Services, Grants and Donations, Building Inspection Services and 911 Emergency Services), capital outlay, operating contingency, interfund transfers, and debt service.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget and appropriated for expenditure by using a supplemental budget. The supplemental budget process requires a hearing before the public, publication in the newspaper, and approval by the City Council. Oregon Local Budget Law also provides certain specific exceptions to the supplemental budget process to increase appropriations. Management must obtain City Council authorization for all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, there were no supplemental budgets adopted and one appropriation transfer. Appropriations are limited to a single fiscal year; therefore, all spending authority of the City lapses as of year-end.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There were no expenditures that exceeded appropriations for the 2016-2017 budget.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has adopted accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), which includes standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2017. If bank deposits at year-end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, the City must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists.

Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 295, requires depository institutions to pledge a percentage of their uninsured public fund deposits. The percentage required to be pledged depends on how well the depository institution is capitalized. A well-capitalized institution is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits, while adequately capitalized and undercapitalized bank depositories are required to pledge collateral valued at 110% of their uninsured public fund deposits. Public officials are no longer required to request Certificates of Participation for balances in excess of FDIC insured amounts. Instead, they are required to ensure the institutions holding deposits have pledged the appropriate amount of collateral and are approved by the Office of the State Treasurer (OST). Public officials are also required to report all bank depositories in which they deposit public funds to the OST.

The City's deposits are comprised of bank demand deposits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the carrying amount for the City's deposits was \$340,502 and the bank balance was \$480,315. All deposits are held in the name of the City. Of the bank balances \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$230,315 was collateralized under ORS 295.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Investments. The City of La Grande has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund Local Government Investment Pool during the year. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, The Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and the participant's equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Credit Risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the US Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

C = === i == ==

Investments held by the City at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

			Carrying
		Percentage of	Amount/
	Maturity	Portfolio	Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool	1 day	100%	\$ 19,209,459
Less amounts classified as cash equivalents			(19,209,459)
Total Invastments			¢
Total Investments			\$ -

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Cash on hand Carrying amounts of deposits Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 1,200 340,502 19,209,459
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,551,161
Funds: Governmental Activities	
General Street Fund Urban Renewal General Urban Renewal Debt Other Governmental Funds Internal Service funds	\$ 4,040,305 568,218 1,227,541 21,487 2,473,742 711,511
Total Governmental Activities	 9,042,804
Business-Type Activities Water All Sewer Funds (\$359,816 restricted) Other Enterprise Funds	2,683,230 6,552,100 1,273,027
Total Business-Type Activities	 10,508,357
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,551,161

B. Receivables

Receivables as of fiscal year end for the governmental activities individual major funds, and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General	Street Maintenance Fund	URA General	URA Debt	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities
Property taxes	\$ 465,713	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,452	\$ -	\$ 549,165
Accounts	448,406	56,332	-	-	-	504,738
Intergovernmental	51,812	117,656	-	-	80,410	249,878
Fines and assessments	474,543				50,795	525,338
Notes	-	-	695,974	-	-	695,974
	1,440,474	173,988	695,974	83,452	131,205	2,525,093
Less: Allowance for						
doubtful accounts	(360,538)	(2,057)				(362,595)
Total	\$1,079,936	\$ 171,931	\$ 695,974	\$ 83,452	\$ 131,205	\$ 2,162,498

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 for the business-type activities individual major funds are as follows:

	Water	 all Sewer_	En	Other Iterprise Funds	Bu	Total usiness-Type Activities
Accounts Intergovernmental Less: Allowance for	\$ 418,962 55,100	\$ 612,336	\$	28,175 18,128	\$	1,059,473 73,228
doubtful accounts	(37,661)	(43,542)		(1,029)		(82,232)
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 436,401	\$ 568,794	\$	45,274	\$	1,050,469

Uncollected property taxes in governmental funds are reported on the statement of net position as receivables. Property taxes are assessed and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable on November 15. They may be paid in installments due November 15, February 15, and May 15. Taxes unpaid as of May 16 are considered delinquent. Taxes are billed and collected by Union County, and remittance to the City is made at periodic intervals.

For the fiscal year 2016-2017, the City levied property taxes in the net amount of \$4,979,210 after reductions for offsets and increases for additional taxes and penalties. The tax rate for the fiscal year was \$7.4392, per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed valuation for the City as of January 1, 2017 was \$695,272,596. The La Grande Urban Renewal Agency, a blended component unit of the City, levied taxes at less than maximum taxing authority. After reductions for offsets and additional taxes and penalties, this resulted in a net levy of \$175,880.

The Urban Renewal Agency has a note receivable of \$150,000 related to the funding provided towards the purchase of Liberty Theatre. The loan accrues interest at 5.5% but principal and interest can be forgiven if development requirements are met within 7 years of the initial loan disbursement in August of 2011.

The Urban Renewal Agency extended a loan agreement to establish a new grocery store for a maximum of \$500,000. The first \$457,689 was disbursed during the 2016 fiscal year and an additional \$39,743 is being held as retainage on the project. The retainage and final draw of \$2,568 is expected to be paid in the next fiscal year. The loan accrues interest at 5% compound annually and is secured by real property. Loan principal and interest can be forgiven if the hours of operations and job creation/retention requirements are met over a maximum 10-year performance life.

The Urban Renewal Agency extended a loan agreement to Community Merchants for a maximum of \$32,235. The Urban Renewal Agency disbursed \$14,284 during the fiscal year of 2017 and the project is completed. The loan accrues interest at 5% compound annually. Payments for the first twelve months are interest only and starting with the 13th month included principal and interest based on a 15 year term. At the mid-point of the loan, (7.5 years), the remaining balance is eligible to be forgiven provided the criteria for loan forgiveness are met. The criteria for loan forgiveness includes: the company must remain in business at the time of forgiveness with a minimum of 1.5 full time equivalent employees who are employed for at

least 24 months prior to the forgiveness, along with a positive cash flow for the 12 months prior to the forgiveness as demonstrated on the company income taxes, and all payments and late fees are paid and current.

The Urban Renewal Agency extended a loan agreement to Thai Fresh for a maximum amount of \$27,967. The first \$13,757 was disbursed during the fiscal year, with the remaining amount of \$14,210 available if allowable once the project is complete. The loan accrues interest at 5% compound annually. Payments for the first twelve months are interest only and starting with the 13th month included principal and interest based on a 15 year term. At the mid-point of the loan, (7.5 years), the remaining balance is eligible to be forgiven provided the criteria for loan forgiveness are met. The criteria for loan forgiveness includes: the company must remain in business at the time of forgiveness with a minimum of 3.0 full time equivalent employees who are employed for at least 24 months prior to the forgiveness, along with a positive cash flow for the 12 months prior to the forgiveness as demonstrated on the company income taxes, and all payments and late fees are paid and current.

The Urban Renewal Agency extended a loan agreement to Bebe Cakes for a maximum amount of \$20,500, which was fully disbursed during the fiscal year. The loan accrues interest at 5% compound annually. Payments for the first twelve months are interest only and starting with the 13th month included principal and interest based on a 10 year term. At the mid-point of the loan, (5 years), the remaining balance is eligible to be forgiven provided the criteria for loan forgiveness are met. The criteria for loan forgiveness includes: the company must remain in business at the time of forgiveness with a minimum of 3.0 full time equivalent employees who are employed for at least 24 months prior to the forgiveness, along with a positive cash flow for the 12 months prior to the forgiveness as demonstrated on the company income taxes, and all payments and late fees are paid and current.

Assessment liens receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against benefited property for costs of local improvements. Since the assessments are liens against the benefited property, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not necessary, in most cases. The City issued assessments under reimbursement agreements and not all agreements have been signed or formally agreed upon.

An allowance for doubtful accounts has been established for ambulance receivables, fines, and utility receivables. Other accounts and intergovernmental receivables are considered fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectible accounts has been established.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning		Deletion/	Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Transfer	Balance	
Capital assets, not					
being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 879,768	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 879,768	
Construction in progress	236,669	18,970	(236,669)	18,970	
Infrastructure	42,177,336	2,146,768		44,324,104	
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	43,293,773	2,165,738	(236,669)	45,222,842	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land Improvements	6,041,177	-	-	6,041,177	
Buildings	11,764,554	-	(31,196)	11,733,358	
Equipment	9,040,223	503,763	(58,717)	9,485,269	
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	26,845,954	503,763	(89,913)	27,259,804	
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	(3,535,575)	(315, 189)	-	(3,850,764)	
Buildings	(4,043,584)	(273, 132)	20,480	(4,296,236)	
Equipment	(5,539,367)	(510,303)	52,097	(5,997,573)	
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(13,118,526)	(1,098,624)	72,577	(14,144,573)	
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	13,727,428	(594,861)	(17,336)	13,115,231	
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 57,021,201	\$ 1,570,877	\$ (254,005)	\$ 58,338,073	

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 15,540
Police Department	97,036
Fire Department	199,532
Community Development	196,865
Public Services	397,006
Street & Road Maintenance	 192,645
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,098,624

Included in the Governmental Activities Street & Road Maintenance depreciation expense is depreciation expense reported for the Internal Service Funds – Motor Pool Fund of \$191,211.

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletion/ Transfer	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not				
being depreciated:			_	
Land	\$ 276,216	-	\$ -	\$ 276,216
Construction in progress		140,161		140,161
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	276,216	140,161		416,377
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	117,675	_	(38,932)	78,743
Equipment	252,317	_	(00,002)	252,317
Water & Sewer System	34,904,939	797,355	(25,472)	35,676,822
Water & Gewer Gystern	34,304,333	737,333	(23,472)	33,070,022
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	35,274,931	797,355	(64,404)	36,007,882
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(52,019)	(1,657)	20,754	(32,922)
Equipment	(221,997)	(6,513)		(228,510)
Water & Sewer System	(16,152,127)	(1,026,815)	18,845	(17,160,097)
Trailer or Comer Cyclem	(10,10=,1=1)	(1,020,010)		(11,100,001)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(16,426,143)	(1,034,985)	39,599	(17,421,529)
depresiation	(10,420,140)	(1,004,000)	00,000	(17,421,020)
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	18,848,788	(237,630)	(24,805)	18,586,353
boing depreciated, fiet	10,040,700	(201,000)	(27,000)	10,000,000
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 19,125,004	\$ (97,469)	\$ (24,805)	\$ 19,002,730
Capital assets, Het	Ψ 13,123,004	Ψ (31,409)	Ψ (24,000)	Ψ 13,002,730

Depreciation expense for the business-type activities was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Business-type activities

Water	\$ 377,671
All Sewer	602,933
Storm Sewer	52,184
Building Inspection	 2,197
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,034,985

D. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amounts relating to pensions. This amount is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period when the City recognizes pension expense/expenditures. Deferred outflows are included in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenues from property taxes, accounts receivable, fines, assessments, and notes are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amount becomes available. The City also reports deferred amounts related to pensions. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the City recognizes pension income. Deferred inflows are included in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources:

General	Ма	Street intenance Fund	Urban Renewal General	Urban Renewal Debt	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Totals
\$ 447,123	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 81,169	\$	-	\$	528,292
84,518		18,849	-	-		-		103,367
-		117,656				-		117,656
121,609		-	-	-		50,795		172,404
-		-	695,974	-		-		695,974
\$ 653,250	\$	136,505	\$ 695,974	\$ 81,169	\$	50,795	\$	1,617,693
	\$ 447,123 84,518 - 121,609	General \$ 447,123 \$ 84,518 - 121,609	General Maintenance Fund \$ 447,123 \$ - 84,518 18,849 - 117,656 121,609 - - -	General Maintenance Fund Renewal General \$ 447,123 \$ - \$ - 84,518 18,849 - - 117,656 - 121,609 - - - 695,974	General Maintenance Fund Renewal General Renewal Debt \$ 447,123 \$ - \$ - \$81,169 84,518 18,849 - 117,656 121,609 695,974	General Maintenance Fund Renewal General Renewal Debt Government \$ 447,123 \$ - \$ - \$81,169 \$ 84,518 18,849 - - - - 117,656 - - - - 121,609 - - 695,974 - -	General Maintenance Fund Renewal General Renewal Debt Governmental Funds \$ 447,123 \$ - \$ - \$ 81,169 \$ - 84,518 18,849 - - - - 117,656 - - - 121,609 - - - 50,795 - 695,974 - - -	General Maintenance Fund Renewal General Renewal Debt Governmental Funds \$ 447,123 \$ - \$ - \$ 81,169 \$ - \$ 84,518 18,849 -

E. Long-term obligations

1. Loans Payable – Governmental Activities

On June 8, 2006 the City entered into a loan contract with Oregon Economic Development. This loan was for the construction of the La Grande Business & Technology Park. The total loan contract was for \$2,058,286. Principal and interest at 3.52% annually was due in one lump-sum payment 30 months after the first draw. The first draw was received on September 12, 2007, resulting in a maturity date of March 12, 2010. The final draw of \$227,281 was received on February 26, 2008. A lump payment of \$1,000,000 was made on April 23, 2009 that consisted of \$905,793 of principal and \$94,207 of accrued interest. The remaining balance of \$1,152,493 was refinanced on May 27, 2009. The loan is due in annual installments beginning on December 1, 2009 for 25 years at variable interest rates ranging from 3% to 5.25%. Future maturities of the Oregon Economic Development loan are as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2018	\$ 36,381	\$ 42,570
2019	36,636	41,114
2020	41,918	39,557
2021	42,229	37,671
2022	42,518	35,982
2023-2027	248,381	147,207
2028-2032	310,129	80,247
2033-2034	145,891_	10,409
	\$ 904,083	\$ 434,757

2. Bonds Payable – Governmental Activities

On February 21, 2012 the City issued bonds under the Local Oregon Capital Asset Program sponsored by the League of Oregon Cities. These bonds were used for the funding of the "Big H" streetscape project. The total certificates of participation issued was \$1,035,000. Interest only payments were required until December 1, 2013, after which the loan is due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest for 20 years. Interest is at a variable rate ranging from 1% to a maximum average interest rate of 3.5%.

In February 2016 the City issued bonds under the Local Oregon Capital Asset Program sponsored by the League of Oregon Cities. These bonds were used for the funding of the Adams Avenue Streetscape Project. The total certificates of participation issued was \$1,550,000. An interest only payment is due December 1, 2016, after which the loan is due in annual installments of principal and semi-annual installments of interest for 19 years. Interest is at a fixed rate for each maturity ranging from 2% to a maximum average interest rate of 3.5%.

Future maturities of the bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 110,000	\$ 71,512
2019	115,000	69,525
2020	115,000	67,236
2121	115,000	64,790
2022	125,000	61,487
2023-2027	660,000	246,775
2028-2032	775,000	125,314
2033-2034	285,000	12,600
	\$2,300,000	\$ 719,239

3. Loans Payable - Business-Type Activities - Sewer Fund

The Sewer loan payable is due in semi-annual installments of \$177,162 for 20 years including interest at 3.83% and is secured by the Net Operating Revenue of the City.

Future maturities of the loan are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	l	nterest
2018	\$ 290,348	\$	63,976
2019	301,576		52,748
2020	313,236		41,088
2021	325,348		28,976
2022	337,929		16,395
2023	173,843_		3,329
	\$ 1,742,280	\$	206,512

4. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
Oregon Economic Development	\$ 940,218	\$ -	\$ 36,135	\$ 904,083	\$ 36,381
Urban Renewal Bond	2,410,000	-	110,000	2,300,000	110,000
Plus: Deferred Premium	25,850	-	1,501	24,349	-
Net pension liability	1,744,766	2,731,691	-	4,476,457	-
Net OPEB Obligation	2,332,982	210,488		2,543,470	
Governmental activity Long-term obligations	\$ 7,453,816	\$ 2,942,179	\$ 147,636	\$10,248,359	\$ 146,381
Business - type activities					
Sewer Loan Payable	\$ 2,021,819	\$ -	\$ 279,539	\$ 1,742,280	\$ 290,348
Net OPEB Obligation	822,203	73,373		895,576	
Business-type activity Long-term obligations	\$ 2,844,022	\$ 73,373	\$ 279,539	\$ 2,637,856	\$ 290,348

F. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances by classification for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	General Fund	Street Maintenance Fund	Urban Renewal General	Urban Renewal Debt	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$ 5,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,489
Inventory	-	-	=	-	46,566	46,566
Restricted for:						
911 Dispatch Services	-	-	-	-	472,797	472,797
System Development	-	=	-	-	172,700	172,700
Highways and Streets	-	375,969	-	-	497,620	873,589
Various Grants	-	-	-	-	50,965	50,965
Urban Renewal Projects	-	-	1,187,148	23,770	-	1,210,918
Assigned to: System Development -						
Governmental	-	-	-	-	1,049,427	1,049,427
Various Activities	20,000	-	-	-	191,052	211,052
Unassigned	4,046,353					4,046,353
Total Fund Balance	\$4,071,842	\$ 375,969	\$ 1,187,148	\$ 23,770	\$ 2,481,127	\$ 8,139,856

G. Transfers

Net transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements consist of transfers into the business-type activities from the governmental activities for \$2,365,761.

A reconciliation of transfers in the fund financial statements is as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Ou	
Governmental activities:				
General	\$	-	\$	110,736
Urban Renewal General		522,628		-
Urban Renewal Debt		-		522,628
Other Governmental		267,486		2,522,511
Business-type activities:				
Water		965,789		428,375
All Sewer	3,	356,055		1,652,808
Other Enterprise		195,100		70,000
	\$ 5,	307,058	\$	5,307,058

As part of the budget preparation and adoption, the City anticipates making interfund transfers to move resources between funds to provide resources for specific expenditures that are not supported by other revenues. Other transfers are to provide resources to pay debt service and to provide funds for projects.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage for the past three years.

B. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City of La Grande provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees (as defined by labor contract) through a defined contribution plan (with the exception of police officers and firefighters). In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan assets are not insured. Employees are eligible to participate six months from the date of employment. Effective June 21, 2012, the City contributes 16% of management's salaries and 13% of all other salaries. Employees contribute 1% of their salaries to the retirement plan. The City's contributions for each employee are fully vested after five years of continuous service. The Principal Mutual Life Insurance company administers this plan. Contribution rates and plan amendments are approved by the City Council after negotiation with the applicable union groups. The total pension plan contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 amounted to \$550,061. Of this amount, the employees paid \$35,553 and \$514,508 was paid by the City.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

Police and fire employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003, OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/pages/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Benefits Provided

1. Tier one/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs before age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- The member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- The member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- The member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes

After Retirement, members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The COLA is capped at 2%.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the

PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2015. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$373,737, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were 15.65% for Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 10.38% for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members, and 6% for the OPSRP Individual Account Program.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$4,476,457 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.02981855 percent, which decreased from its proportion of 0.03038888 percent as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City's recognized pension expense (income) of \$800,808. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	148,101	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		954,721		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		884,360		-
Changes in proportionate share.		25,556		30,703
Difference's between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions		18,689	-	29,157
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		2,031,427		59,860
Contributions subsequent to the MD		287,123		-
Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources	\$	2,318,550	\$	59,860

\$287,123 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 356,314
2019	356,314
2020	679,802
2021	509,178
2022	 69,959
Total	\$ 1,971,567

Actuarial assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Experience Study Report	2014, publiished September 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.5 percent (reduced from 2.75%)
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.5 percent (reduced from 7.75 percent)
Discount Rate	7.5 percent (reduced from 7.75 percent)
Projected Salary Increases	3.5 pecent overall payroll growth (reduced from 3.75%)
	Blend 2.00% COLA and grade COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in
Cost of Living Adjustments	accordance with moro decision, blend based on service
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP- 2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active Members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retireee rates, that vary by group, as descibed in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, disabled mortality rates.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

OIC Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Private Equity	13.5%	21.5%	17.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%
			r
		Toward	Annual
Asset Class		Target Allocation	Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income		8.00%	4.00%
Short-Term Bonds		8.00%	3.61%
Bank/Leveraged Loans		3.00%	5.42%
High Yield Bonds		1.00%	6.20%
large/Mid Cap US Equities		15.75%	6.70%
Small Cap US Equities		1.31%	6.99%
Micro CAP US Equities		1.31%	7.01%
Developed Foreign Equities		13.13%	6.73%
Emerging Market Equities		4.12%	7.25%
Non-US Small Cap Equities		1.88%	7.22%
Private Equity		17.50%	7.97%
Real Estate (Property)		10.00%	5.84%
Real Estate (REITS)		2.50%	6.69%
Hedge Funds of Funds - Diver	sified	2.50%	4.64%
Hedge Funds - Events-driven		0.63%	6.72%
Timber		1.87%	5.85%
Farmland		1.87%	6.37%
Infrastructure		3.75%	7.13%
Commodities		1.88%	4.58%
Total		100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50%
			2.5575

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long term expected return on the plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plans Fiduciary Net position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment
 of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of
 the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the CITY's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the CITY's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% (Increase (8.5%)	
City's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,227,985	\$ 4,476,457	\$ 2,176,660	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Payables to the Pension Plan

The City reports payables in the amount of \$40,398 to the pension plan.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The changes include the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.5 percent and lowering the assumed inflation to 2.5 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale to all groups, and assumptions for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

This change in benefit terms was reflected in the current valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

As its July 28, 2017 meeting, the PERS board lowered the assumed earnings rate to 7.2 percent. For member transaction, this rate will take effect January 1, 2018. The current assumed earnings rate is 7.5 percent and has been in effect for member transactions since January, 2016.

D. Other post-employment benefits

City of La Grande Retiree Health Plan

Explicit Employer Benefits

Eligibility. Retirees meeting the following criteria are eligible:

- Retired from active service with at least 20 years of continuous service.
- Hired prior to the following dates:
 - o Firefighters July 1, 2001
 - Continuous service of 20 years, age 50, receives 3 years of medical coverage.
 - Continuous service of 25 years, age 55, receives 5 years of medical coverage.
 - Management July 1, 2005
 - Continuous service of 20 years, receives 3 years of medical coverage.
 - Continuous service of 25 years, receives 5 years of medical coverage.
 - o General Employees July 1, 2002
 - Continuous service of 20 years, receives 3 years of medical coverage.
 - Continuous service of 25 years, receives 5 years of medical coverage.

- o Police July 1, 2002
 - Continuous service of 20 years, age 50, receives 3 years of medical coverage.
 - Continuous service of 25 years, age 55, receives 5 years of medical coverage.
- Continuing coverage under the Employer's benefit programs through CIS

Plan Description. Retirees under age 65 and their spouses are eligible to receive the same medical and dental coverage as active employees. The City pays 90% of the retiree and spouse medical and dental premiums. The co-pays and deductibles under the medical and dental coverage are the responsibility of the retiree. A surviving spouse of a deceased retiree may continue coverage until age 65 if the retired member had at least 30 years of continuous service. Coverage ends when the spouse is eligible for another employer-paid health plan, a new spouse's employer-paid health plan, or Medicare. All coverage ends when the retiree turns 65.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The plan is accounted for in the General Fund, which is reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal agreement to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Plan investments are a part of the City's investment pool, reported at fair value. Because the City has not transferred the assets to an insurance trust, the actuarial value of assets is zero.

Implicit Employer Subsidy

Eligibility. All employees of the City retiring from active service with a pension benefit payable under Oregon PERS or another employer-sponsored retirement plan. The City's defined contribution retirement plan allows retirement at age 55 with 5 years of service.

Plan Description. Oregon Revised Statutes 243.303 requires that the City provide retirees with group healthcare insurance from the date of retirement to age 65, at the same rate provided to current employees. Providing the same rate to retirees as provided to current employees constitutes an implicit rate subsidy for OPEB purposes.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Funding Policy. The City collects insurance premiums from all retirees each month. The City then pays healthcare insurance premiums for all retirees at the appropriate blended rate for each family classification. The City had 11 retired members and 103 active members in its plan on July 1, 2016, the date of its most recent actuarial valuation. The annual required contribution (ARC) to the plan includes the employer's pay-as-you-go amount and an additional amount calculated to prefund future benefits as actuarially determined.

The City has elected to not prefund the actuarially determined annual required contribution (ARC). The City funds the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, with those payments totaling approximately \$94,809 for the year ended June 30, 2017. Since the total annual contribution in the current year was less than the ARC, a liability is presented on the City's Statement of Net Position.

The City's annual other post-employment benefit cost is calculated based on the ARC of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (UAAL) over a period of not more than 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's OPEB obligation to the plan.

Annual required contribution Interest on prior net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 716,811 110,431 (379,383)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	447,859
Explicit benefit payments Implicit benefit payments	(94,809) (69,188)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	283,862
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 3,155,184
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,439,046

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017, 2016, and 2014 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	ear OPEB		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Cumulative Net OPEB Obligation		
 6/30/15	\$	678,982	28%	\$	2,730,235	
6/30/16		584,287	27%		3,155,184	
6/30/17		447,859	36%		3,439,046	

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was considered unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,680,450, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,680,450.

The actuarial valuation of this plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to periodic revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress shown below presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Valuation Date	Actuaria Value o Assets (a)	f	Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	(0	verfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
08/01/12	\$ -	\$	4,753,907	\$	4,753,907	0%	\$ 5,800,812	82%
08/01/14	-		4,796,079		4,796,079	0%	5,646,459	85%
7/1/2016	-		4,680,450		4,680,450	0%	5,712,083	82%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial results consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Assumptions used in calculating the actuarial liabilities associated with the City's plan include a general inflation rate of 2.5%, a 3.5% investment return and discount rate; annual salary increase of 3.5%; and retirement rates used by Oregon PERS for its December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. Health care cost trends assume an increase in health costs of 7% in the first year. In future years the medical and vision cost trend varies between 7.5% and 5% due to the timing of the excise tax scheduled to affect health care benefits beginning in 2020. The trend then settles to an ultimate rate of 5%. Dental costs are assumed to increase 4.5% in all future years. The Entry Age Normal Cost Method was used to determine the Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability. Amortization of the UAAL is calculated as a level dollar amount over an open period of 10 years. "Open" means the amortization amount is recalculated at each valuation date using the current UAAL.

Retirement age for active employees was estimated based on PERS retirement rates. The marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue through retirement. Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB 45 were used as the basis for assigning a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.

GASB has issued new statements related to OPEB plans that will have an effect on the assumptions, method of calculation, and reporting for OPEB liabilities. The requirements that effect the calculations at the plan level will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017 and the requirements that effect reporting at the City's level will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The effect has not yet been determined, but the OPEB liability reported will increase upon implementation of the new statements.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System – Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description. As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its

eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution (currently \$60 per month) toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating public employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, currently 0.53% of annual covered payroll for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees and 0.45% for OPSRP employees. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's contributions to RHIA the year ended June 30, 2017 are included in the PERS annual pension amount.

E. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

On March 10, 2017, the La Grande Urban Renewal Agency accepted an offer \$200,000 for the sale of the 1106 Adams Avenue property. The closing of the sale has been extended to the end of December, 2017.

The Agency committed funding of \$333,550 to plan projects, \$442,311 to targeted partnership projects and \$262,174 to the Adams Avenue project for the 2018 fiscal year along with the annual budget process.

The City has construction in progress for the Beaver Creek Dam project which totaled to \$140,161 at year end. The total project budget is \$1,254,600 and is estimated at 11% complete.

F. Related Party Transactions

The Urban Renewal Agency paid the City of La Grande \$52,079 for administration and overhead and \$249,763 to reimburse costs reported in the economic development department during the year.

G. Tax Abatements

The GASB issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, in August, 2015. GASB 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose information about those agreements. GASB Statement No. 77 is effective for the City for fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The City has no tax abatements that affect them directly at June 30, 2017. Tax abatements that affect the City indirectly are as follows:

Exemption Program	Project	 Abatement mount
Union County - Enterprise Zone Union County - Enterprise Zone Union County - Enterprise Zone	Outdoors RV/Northwood R.E. (2nd line) Outdoors RV/Northwood R.E. (lamination bldg) Calico Ligh Weapons Systems	\$ 17,938 6,303 856
		\$ 25,097

H. Subsequent Events

City Manager Strope was authorized to issue a Notice of Intent and begin the formal process of establishing a Quiet Zone in La Grande relating to train horns. In order to achieve a train horn quiet zone under Public Law 103-440 Title 49, US code, there are steps that need to be taken and City staff will draft the detailed application, secure written agreements with property owners, and begin a public outreach program to educate the community of a quiet zone. The costs associated amount to approximately \$212,977 and the City may or may not be liable for any incidents related to train accidents if the horns are not used.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RSI Disclosures for The City's Street System Based on a Condition Index City of La Grande June 30, 2017

Pavement Condition Index of the City of La Grande Street System

_	2017	2016	2015
Gravel	100	100	100
Oil Mat	73	73	73
Concrete	84	99	99
Major Asphalt	85	85	84
Minor Asphalt	73	73	73

Comparison of Needed-to-actual Maintenance/Preservation

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Gravel					
Needed	-	-	-	-	-
Actual	-	-	-	-	_
Oil Mat					
Needed	-	-	564,582	140,000	183,400
Actual	-	-	564,582	140,000	183,400
Concrete					
Needed	-	-	-	-	-
Actual	-	-	-	-	-
Major Asphalt					
Needed	2,020,841	-	23,600	239,472	145,106
Actual	2,020,841	-	23,600	239,472	145,106
Minor Asphalt					
Needed	172,309	74,402	159,411	272,170	132,495
Actual	172,309	74,402	159,411	272,170	132,495

The condition of road pavement is measured using a pavement management system. All of the streets maintained by the City are asphalt-surfaced. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a Pavement condition Index (PCI) ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement in perfect condition. The City's policy is to maintain an average PCI of at least 50 for Oil Mat, 60 for Minor Asphalt, and 70 for Gravel, Concrete, and Major Asphalt. Complete condition assessments are determined every three years.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015	2014	2013
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.03038888%	0.02846254%	0.02846254%	0.02846254%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,476,457	\$ 1,744,766	\$ (645,165)	\$ 1,452,485
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,230,006	\$ 2,173,137	\$ 2,188,468	\$ 2,071,251
City's proporationate share of the net pension liabilty (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	78.24%	-29.69%	66.37%	70.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.50%	91.10%	103.60%	91.97%

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contributions	\$	373,737	\$ 373,147	\$ 371,348	\$ 383,769
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		(373,737)	 (373,147)	 (371,348)	 (383,769)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	2,269,652	\$ 2,230,006	\$ 2,173,137	\$ 2,188,468
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.47%	16.73%	17.09%	17.54%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Additional years will be added to the schedule as information becomes available.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2017

Changes in Benefit Terms

The Oregon Supreme Court in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions that 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate bills 862 and 861. The reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

Changes of assumptions

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 pension liability. The changes included lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation of 2.50 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions for merit increases. Unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



COMBINING STATEMENTS

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds- These funds account for revenue from specific sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

- Street & Road accounts for activity within the City's street infrastructure.
- Grants & Donations accounts for the monies received through grants and donations.
- 911 Emergency accounts for funds generated through dispatch calls and expenses related to them.

Capital Project Funds- These funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions, improvements and development charges. Funds included in this category are:

- Capital Equipment and Improvement Fund accounts for capital construction projects of the City funded primarily by grant revenues.
- General Building/Equipment Reserve accounts for funds related to general building and equipment repair and purchasing.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

		Special Revenu	ıe	Ca Pro		
	Street & Road	Grants & Donations	911 Emergency	Capital Equipment & Improvement Fund	General Building/ Equipment Reserve	Totals
ASSETS Cash and						,
cash equivalents	\$ 492,232	\$ 258,729	\$ 481,306	\$ 412,305	\$ 829,170	\$2,473,742
Receivables:						
Accounts	67,910	12,500	-	-	-	80,410
Assessments	-	-	-	50,795	-	50,795
Inventory	46,566	-			-	46,566
Total assets	\$ 606,708	\$ 271,229	\$ 481,306	\$ 463,100	\$ 829,170	\$2,651,513
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and	Φ 00.500	Φ 45.007	Φ 0.500	Φ 050	40.000	Φ 400.040
accrued liabilities Deposits Advances from other funds	\$ 62,522 - 	\$ 15,937 13,275	\$ 8,509 - -	\$ 250 - 	\$ 19,098 - 	\$ 106,316 13,275
Total liabilities	62,522	29,212	8,509	250	19,098	119,591
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF Unavailable revenue				50,795		50,795
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	46,566	-	-	-	-	46,566
Restricted	497,620	50,965	472,797	-	172,700	1,194,082
Assigned		191,052		412,055	637,372	1,240,479
Total fund balances	544,186	242,017	472,797	412,055	810,072	2,481,127
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and						
fund balances	\$ 606,708	\$ 271,229	\$ 481,306	\$ 463,100	\$ 829,170	\$ 2,651,513

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>-</u>	Speci	Capital Special Revenue Funds Projects					
	Street & Road	Grants & Donations	911 Emergency	Capital Building & Improvement Fund	General Building/ Equipment Reserve	Totals	
REVENUES							
Assesments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,943	\$ -	\$ 11,943	
Charges for services	-	18,311	-	-	-	18,311	
Intergovernmental	788,864	64,779	320,000	-	-	1,173,643	
Contributions	-	6,763	-	-	-	6,763	
Interest on investments	4,796	2,751	3,739	14,410	8,810	34,506	
Miscellaneous	9,498	10,003	112		23,883	43,496	
TOTAL REVENUES	803,158	102,607	323,851	26,353	32,693	1,288,662	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Police department	-	8,600	361,158	-	-	369,758	
Fire & EMS department	-	19,617	-	-	-	19,617	
Public services	-	55,086	-	-	-	55,086	
Highways and streets	897,336	-	-	-	-	897,336	
Capital outlay		3,244	-	89,977	32,516	125,737	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	897,336	86,547	361,158	89,977	32,516	1,467,534	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(94,178)	16,060	(37,307)	(63,624)	177_	(178,872)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	156,750	-	-	- (2.507.444)	110,736	267,486	
Transfers out				(2,507,411)	(15,100)	(2,522,511)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	156,750			(2,507,411)	95,636	(2,255,025)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	62,572	16,060	(37,307)	(2,571,035)	95,813	(2,433,897)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	481,614	225,957	510,104	2,983,090	714,259	4,915,024	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 544,186	\$ 242,017	\$ 472,797	\$ 412,055	\$810,072	\$2,481,127	



COMBINING STATEMENTS

Non-Major Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services and to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of facilities. These funds are entirely or predominately self-supported through user charges to the customer. Funds included in this category are:

- Building inspection accounts for the City's building inspection charges and operating expenses..
- Storm Utility accounts for the City's storm utility charges and operating expenses.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Building Inspection	Storm Utility	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 924,300	\$ 348,727	\$ 1,273,027
Receivables:		45.074	45.074
Accounts		45,274	45,274
Total current assets	924,300	394,001	1,318,301
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	7,511	1,089,781	1,097,292
Total noncurrent assets	7,511	1,089,781	1,097,292
Total assets	931,811	1,483,782	2,415,593
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,314	2,648	24,962
Compensated absences payable	11,558		11,558
Total current liabilities	33,872	2,648	36,520
Long-term obligations, net of current portion:			
Other postemployment benefits	102,344		102,344
Total non-current liabilities	102,344	- _	102,344
Total liabilities	136,216	2,648	138,864
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,511	1,089,781	1,097,292
Restricted for system development	-,	53,916	53,916
Unrestricted	788,084	337,437	1,125,521
Total net position	\$ 795,595	\$ 1,481,134	\$ 2,276,729

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Building Inpection	Storm Utility	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 209,967	\$ 209,967
Licenses and fees	528,043	-	528,043
Miscellaneous	129	18,129	18,258
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	528,172	228,096	756,268
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	268,858	-	268,858
Materials and services	265,140	273,473	538,613
Depreciation	2,197	52,184	54,381
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	536,195	325,657	861,852
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(8,023)	(97,561)	(105,584)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Interest on investments	10,382	3,993	14,375
TOTAL NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)	10,382	3,993	14,375
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,359	(93,568)	(91,209)
TRANSFERS			
Transfers In	35,100	160,000	195,100
Transfers out	(20,000)	(50,000)	(70,000)
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	15,100	110,000	125,100
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	17,459	16,432	33,891
NET POSITION, Beginning	778,136	1,464,702	2,242,838
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 795,595	\$ 1,481,134	\$ 2,276,729

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Building Spection		Storm Utility		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 528,172	\$	209,861	\$	738,033
Payments to suppliers	(278,267)		(50,209)		(328,476)
Payments to employees	(176,630)		-		(176,630)
Payments for interfund services used	 (78,125)		(233,331)		(311,456)
Net cash provided from (used by) operating activities	 (4,850)		(73,679)		(78,529)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES					
Transfers in	35,100		160,000		195,100
Transfers out	 (20,000)		(50,000)		(70,000)
Net cash provided from (used by) non-capital financing activities	 15,100		110,000		125,100
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES					
Acquisition of capital assets	 		(74,250)		(74,250)
Net cash provided from (used by) capital and related financing activities	 <u>-</u>		(74,250)		(74,250)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	 10,382		3,993		14,375
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	10,382		3,993		14,375
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	20,632		(33,936)		(13,304)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning	 903,668		382,663		1,286,331
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$ 924,300	\$	348,727	\$	1,273,027
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided from (used by) operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (8,023)	\$	(97,561)	\$	(105,584)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Depreciation	2,197		52,184		54,381
(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Receivables	-		(18,235)		(18,235)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(11,278)		(10,067)		(21,345)
Compensated absences payable	3,134		-		3,134
Other postemployment benefits	 9,120	_	-	-	9,120
Net cash provided from (used by) operating activities	\$ (4,850)	\$	(73,679)	<u>\$</u>	(78,529)

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds- These funds account for the financing services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The following is a description of the City's Internal Service Funds:

- *Motor Pool* accounts for repairs and maintenance services and fuel provided exclusively to other funds and departments of the City.
- *Public Works Service* provides for repair services provided exclusively to other funds and departments of the City.

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Motor Pool	Public Works Service	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 529,540	\$ 181,971	\$ 711,511
Receivables:			
Prepaid items	-	37,891	37,891
Inventories	4,480		4,480
Total current assets	534,020	219,862	753,882
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	1,417,222	-	1,417,222
Total noncurrent assets	1,417,222	<u> </u>	1,417,222
Total assets	1,951,242	219,862	2,171,104
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		-	-
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,622	66,805	74,427
Compensated absences payable		192,909	192,909
Total current liabilities	7,622	259,714	267,336
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,417,222	-	1,417,222
Unrestricted	526,398	(39,852)	486,546
Total net position	\$ 1,943,620	\$ (39,852)	\$ 1,903,768

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Motor Pool		Public Works Service			Totals
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	524,500	\$	2,454,576	\$	2,979,076
Miscellaneous		339		-		339
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		524,839		2,454,576		2,979,415
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services		151,075		2,482,031		2,633,106
Materials and services		224,179		-		224,179
Depreciation		191,211		-		191,211
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		566,465		2,482,031		3,048,496
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(41,626)		(27,455)		(69,081)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)						
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(6,620)		-		(6,620)
Interest on investments		7,282		<u>-</u>		7,282
TOTAL NON-OPERATING						
INCOME (EXPENSES)		662		<u>-</u> _		662
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL						
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(40,964)		(27,455)	_	(68,419)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(40,964)		(27,455)		(68,419)
NET POSITION, Beginning		1,984,584		(12,397)		1,972,187
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	1,943,620	\$	(39,852)	\$	1,903,768

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Motor Pool	Public Works Service	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 339	\$ -	\$ 339
Receipts from interfund services provided	524,500	2,454,576	2,979,076
Payments to suppliers	(222,455)		(1,081,677)
Payments to employees	-	(1,595,985)	(1,595,985)
Payments for interfund services used	(151,075)		(151,075)
Net cash provided from (used by) operating activities	151,309	(631)	150,678
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of capital assets	(305,417)	-	(305,417)
Net cash provided from (used by) capital and related financing activities	(305,417)		(305,417)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments	7,282		7,282
Net cash provided (used by) investing activities	7,282		7,282
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(146,826)	(631)	(147,457)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning	676,366	182,602	858,968
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$ 529,540	\$ 181,971	\$ 711,511
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided from (used by) operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (41,626)	\$ (27,455)	\$ (69,081)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Depreciation	191,211	-	191,211
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Inventories	23	-	23
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,701	(6,274)	(4,573)
Compensated absences payable	- _	33,098	33,098
Net cash provided from (used by) operating activities	\$ 151,309	\$ (631)	\$ 150,678

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute 297.465, Oregon Administrative Rule #162-010-0130, *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, requires an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures/expenses, and changes in fund balances/net assets, budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

In accordance with GASB Statement #34, the City's General Fund and any major special revenue fund (Street Maintenance Fund and Urban Renewal General Fund) are presented as the third of the basic governmental fund financial statements. All other budgetary comparisons are displayed in the following pages as supplemental information.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS), BY DEPARTMENT

General Fund

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL, BY DEPARTMENT (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							riance with al Budget -
		Original Final		Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)		
EXPENDITURES								
Council and Manager	\$	959,560	\$	1,019,560	\$	947,903	\$	71,657
Finance and Municipal Court		548,023		548,023		531,744		16,279
Police Department		3,139,489		3,139,489		2,876,769		262,720
Fire and EMS Departments		2,391,600		2,391,600		2,178,332		213,268
Commuity and Economic Development/								
Building Maintenance		634,828		634,828		540,835		93,993
Parks Maintenance, Aquatics, Recreation,								
Urban Forestry		1,065,081		1,065,081		998,475		66,606
Library		543,936		543,936		516,531		27,405
Contingency		300,000		240,000	_	-		240,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	9,582,517	\$	9,582,517	\$	8,590,589	\$	991,928

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

- Street & Road
- o Grants & Donations
- o 911 Emergency

Capital Project Funds

- o Capital Equipment & Improvement
- o General Building/Equipment Reserve

Debt Service Funds

o Urban Renewal Debt

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STREET & ROAD FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget -		
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)			
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	725,000	\$	725,000	\$	788,864	\$	63,864		
Interest on investments		1,600		1,600		4,796		3,196		
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		9,498		6,998		
TOTAL REVENUES		729,100		729,100		803,158		74,058		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Highways and streets:										
Personal services		354,162		354,162		310,621		43,541		
Materials and services		765,470		765,470		518,686		246,784		
Contingency		25,000	-	25,000		-		25,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,144,632	_	1,144,632		829,307		315,325		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(415,532)		(415,532)		(26,149)		389,383		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		156,750		156,750		156,750		-		
Transfers out		(68,029)		(68,029)		(68,029)		-		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		88,721		88,721		88,721				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(326,811)		(326,811)		62,572		389,383		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		354,711		354,711		481,614		126,903		
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	27,900	\$	27,900	\$	544,186	\$	516,286		

GRANTS & DONATIONS FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Fir	riance with nal Budget -
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	18,311	\$	1,311
Intergovernmental revenue		607,095		607,095		64,779		(542,316)
Contributions		34,460		34,460		6,763		(27,697)
Interest on investments		2,000		2,000		2,751		751
Miscellaneous		18,000		18,000		10,003		(7,997)
TOTAL REVENUES		678,555		678,555		102,607		(575,948)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Materials and services		193,830		193,830		83,303		110,527
Capital outlay		581,300		581,300		3,244		578,056
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		775,130		775,130		86,547		688,583
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(96,575)		(96,575)		16,060		112,635
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(5,000)		(5,000)		-		5,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(5,000)		(5,000)				5,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(101,575)		(101,575)		16,060		117,635
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		332,528		332,528		225,957		(106,571)
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	230,953	\$	230,953	\$	242,017	\$	11,064

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

911 EMERGENCY FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				iance with al Budget -
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 320,000	\$	320,000	\$	320,000	\$	-
Interest on investments	3,000		3,000		3,739		739
Miscellaneous	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		112		112
TOTAL REVENUES	 323,000		323,000		323,851		851
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety:							
Personal services	357,199		357,199		306,882		50,317
Materials and services	69,813		69,813		51,756		18,057
Contingency	 50,000		50,000	-			50,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 477,012		477,012		358,638		118,374
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(154,012)		(154,012)		(34,787)		119,225
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(2.520)		(2.520)		(2.520)		
Transfers out	 (2,520)		(2,520)		(2,520)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (2,520)		(2,520)		(2,520)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(156,532)		(156,532)		(37,307)		119,225
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	 475,084		475,084		510,104		35,020
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 318,552	\$	318,552	\$	472,797	\$	154,245

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT & IMPROVEMENT FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Am	ounts				riance with al Budget -
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Assessments	\$ 21,978	\$	21,978	\$	11,943	\$	(10,035)
Intergovernmental	265,000		265,000		-		(265,000)
Interest on investments	 3,000		3,000		14,410		11,410
TOTAL REVENUES	289,978		289,978	_	26,353		(263,625)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	515,000		515,000		89,977		425,023
Contingency	 100,000		100,000		<u>-</u>		100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 615,000		615,000		89,977		525,023
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (325,022)		(325,022)		(63,624)		261,398
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	 (2,507,411)		(2,507,411)		(2,507,411)	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (2,507,411)		(2,507,411)		(2,507,411)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,832,433)		(2,832,433)		(2,571,035)		261,398
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	2,868,377		2,868,377		2,983,090		114,713
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 35,944	\$	35,944	\$	412,055	\$	376,111

GENERAL BUILDING/EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			iance with al Budget -
		Driginal		Final	 Actual Amounts	-	ositive / legative)
REVENUES							
Interest on investments	\$	3,400	\$	3,400	\$ 8,810	\$	5,410
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000	 23,883		18,883
TOTAL REVENUES		8,400		8,400	 32,693		24,293
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		459,796		459,796	 32,516		427,280
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		459,796		459,796	 32,516		427,280
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(451,396)		(451,396)	 177		451,573
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		110,736		110,736	110,736		-
Transfers out		(15,100)		(15,100)	 (15,100)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	95,636	_	95,636	 95,636		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(355,760)		(355,760)	95,813		451,573
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		631,356	_	631,356	 714,259		82,903
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	275,596	\$	275,596	\$ 810,072	\$	534,476

URBAN RENEWAL DEBT FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				iance with al Budget -
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive / Negative)
REVENUES	 						
Property taxes	\$ 220,000	\$	220,000	\$	193,235	\$	(26,765)
Interest on investments	 5,000		5,000		16,902		11,902
TOTAL REVENUES	225,000		225,000		210,137		(14,863)
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service	263,518		263,518		263,518		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 263,518		263,518		263,518		=
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (38,518)		(38,518)		(53,381)		(14,863)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 (807,000)		(807,000)		(522,628)		284,372
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (807,000)		(807,000)		(522,628)		284,372
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(845,518)		(845,518)		(576,009)		269,509
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	851,379		851,379		599,779		(251,600)
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 5,861	\$	5,861	\$	23,770	\$	17,909



SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

- All Water Funds
 - Water
 - Water Reserve
- o All Sewer Funds
 - o Sewer
 - o Sewer Reserve
 - o CWSRF
- Other Enterprise Funds
 - o Storm Utility
 - o Storm Utility Reserve
 - Building Inspections
 - o Building Inspections Reserve

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							riance with nal Budget -
	Orig	inal		Final	Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$ 2,7	04,039	\$	2,704,039	\$	2,865,986	\$	161,947
Interest on investments		6,000		6,000		21,396		15,396
Miscellaneous		20,000		20,000		32,980		12,980
TOTAL REVENUES	2,7	30,039		2,730,039	_	2,920,362		190,323
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal services	5	67,342		567,342		441,560		125,782
Materials and services	1,3	08,958		1,308,958		1,067,427		241,531
Capital outlay		31,000		431,000		295,549		135,451
Contingency	4	47,095		447,095		-		447,095
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,7	54,395		2,754,395		1,804,536		949,859
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2	24,356)		(24,356)		1,115,826		1,140,182
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	(6	73,332)		(673,332)		(673,332)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(6	73,332)		(673,332)		(673,332)		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6	97,688)		(697,688)		442,494		1,140,182
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	1,4	65,950		1,465,950		1,992,643		526,693
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 7	68,262	\$	768,262	_	2,435,137	\$	1,666,875

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER RESERVE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Am	ounts				riance with nal Budget -
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts			Positive / Negative)
REVENUES	 					-	
Intergovernmental	\$ 900,000	\$	900,000	\$	55,100	\$	(844,900)
Interest on investments	 3,000		3,000		7,039		4,039
TOTAL REVENUES	 903,000		903,000		62,139		(840,861)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay	750,000		750,000		153,464		596,536
Contingency	 100,000		100,000		-		100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	850,000		850,000		153,464		696,536
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 53,000		53,000		(91,325)		(144,325)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 968,391		968,391		965,789		(2,602)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 968,391		968,391		965,789		(2,602)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,021,391		1,021,391		874,464		(146,927)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 1,021,391	\$	1,021,391	\$	874,464	\$	(146,927)

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

ALL WATER FUNDS

Water Water Reserve	\$ 2,435,137 <u>874,464</u>
	3,309,601
Adjustments: Capital assets, net of depreciation Other postemployment benefits	5,266,347 (345,223)
GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BASIS (GAAP) NET POSITION	\$ 8,230,725

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -		
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	2,996,500	\$	2,996,500	\$	3,426,277	\$	429,777	
Interest on investments		15,700		15,700		38,125		22,425	
Miscellaneous	_	2,000		2,000	_	24,080		22,080	
TOTAL REVENUES		3,014,200		3,014,200		3,488,482		474,282	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Personal services		900,000		900,000		700,813		199,187	
Materials and services		1,162,025		1,162,025		827,370		334,655	
Capital outlay		750,000		750,000		407,231		342,769	
Contingency		704,701		704,701	_	-		704,701	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,516,726		3,516,726	_	1,935,414		1,581,312	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(502,526)		(502,526)	_	1,553,068		2,055,594	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(1,885,983)		(1,885,983)	_	(1,885,983)		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,885,983)		(1,885,983)		(1,885,983)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,388,509)		(2,388,509)		(332,915)		2,055,594	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		2,591,656		2,591,656		3,502,365		910,709	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	203,147	\$	203,147	\$	3,169,450	\$	2,966,303	

SEWER RESERVE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -		
	Ori	iginal		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)		
REVENUES				_				_		
Interest on investments	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$	17,931	<u>\$</u>	16,131		
TOTAL REVENUES		1,800		1,800		17,931		16,131		
EXPENDITURES										
Capital outlay		950.000		950.000		20,299		929,701		
Contingency		75,000		75,000				75,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,	025,000		1,025,000		20,299		1,004,701		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1.	023,200)		(1,023,200)		(2,368)		1,020,832		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		989,020		2,989,020		2,991,622		2,602		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,	989,020		2,989,020		2,991,622		2,602		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,	965,820		1,965,820		2,989,254		1,023,434		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		223,117		223,117		482,991		259,874		
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 2,	188,937	\$	2,188,937	\$	3,472,245	\$	1,283,308		

CWSRF LOAN FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							ance with Budget -
	0	Original Final		Final	Actual Amounts			egative)
REVENUES			_		_		_	
Interest on investments	<u>\$</u>	2,500	<u>\$</u>	2,500	<u>\$</u>	5,693	\$	3,193
TOTAL REVENUES		2,500		2,500		5,693		3,193
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service		364,433		364,433		364,433		-
				<u>,</u>			-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		364,433		364,433		364,433		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(361,933)		(361,933)		(358,740)		3,193
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		364,433		364,433		364,433		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		364,433		364,433		364,433		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,500		2,500		5,693		3,193
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		477,700		477,700		478,608		908
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	480,200	\$	480,200	\$	484,301	\$	4,101

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

ALL SEWER FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Sewer Sewer Reserve CWSRF Loan	\$ 3,169,450 3,472,245 484,301
	7,125,996

Adjustments:

Capital assets, net of depreciation12,639,091Accrued interest payable(6,011)Long-term debt(1,742,280)Other postemployment benefits(448,009)

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING
PRINCIPLES BASIS (GAAP) NET POSITION

\$ 17,568,787

STORM UTILITY FUND

	Budgeted	ounts			Variance with Final Budget -		
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts		ositive / legative)
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 200,000	\$	200,000	\$	209,967	\$	9,967
Interest on investments	 2,000		2,000		3,492		1,492
TOTAL REVENUES	 202,000		202,000		213,459		11,459
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Materials and services	363,000		363,000		258,755		104,245
Capital outlay	111,000		111,000		74,254		36,746
Contingency	77,837		77,837		-		77,837
,							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	551,837		551,837		333,009		218,828
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (349,837)		(349,837)		(119,550)		230,287
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HCES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	110,000		110,000		110,000		_
Transfers out	(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		_
Tansiers out	 (30,000)		(30,000)		(30,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 60,000		60,000		60,000		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(289,837)		(289,837)		(59,550)		230,287
	,				, , ,		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	 289,837		289,837		396,987		107,150
	 · ·			· <u></u>			· ·
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 	\$			337,437	\$	337,437

STORM UTILITY RESERVE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	iance with al Budget -
	c	riginal		Final	A	Actual Amounts	-	ositive / legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	(10,000)
Interest on investments		200		200		501		301
Miscellaneous				-		18,129		18,129
TOTAL REVENUES		10,200		10,200		18,630		8,430
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		14,714		15,286
Contingency		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		40,000		40,000		14,714		25,286
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(29,800)		(29,800)		3,916		33,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		50,000		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		20,200		20,200		53,916		33,716
FUND BALANCE, Beginning								<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	20,200	\$	20,200	\$	53,916	\$	33,716

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES ALL STORM UTILITY FUNDS

BUDGETARY BASIS FUND BALANCE (NON-GAAP):	\$ 337.437
Storm Utility	+ / -
Storm Utility Reserve	<u>53,916</u>
	391,353
Adjustments:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,089,781
GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BASIS (GAAP) NET POSITION	\$ 1,481,134

BUILDING INSPECTIONS FUNDFor the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with al Budget -
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Licenses and fees	\$	445,000	\$	445,000	\$	528,043	\$	83,043
Interest on investments		4,200		4,200		10,056		5,856
Miscellaneous		-				129		129
TOTAL REVENUES		449,200		449,200		538,228		89,028
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal services		385,950		385,950		265,724		120,226
Materials and services		219,613		219,613		179,799		39,814
Contingency		120,000		120,000				120,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		725,563		725,563		445,523		280,040
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(276,363)		(276,363)		92,705		369,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(96,221)		(96,221)		(96,221)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(96,221)		(96,221)		(96,221)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(372,584)		(372,584)		(3,516)		369,068
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		666,640		666,640		870,076		203,436
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	294,056	\$	294,056	\$	866,560	\$	572,504

BUILDING INSPECTIONS RESERVE FUNDFor the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						 ance with I Budget -
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual Amounts	 ositive / egative)
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	326	\$ 326
TOTAL REVENUES				<u>-</u>		326	 326
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		<u>-</u>		326	 326
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		35,100		35,100		35,100	 <u>-</u> _
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		35,100		35,100		35,100	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		35,100		35,100		35,426	326
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	35,100	\$	35,100	\$	35,426	\$ 326

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

ALL BUILDING INSPECTION FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Building Inspection	\$ 866,560
Building Inspection Reserve	35,426
	901,986
Adjustments:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	7,511
Compensated absences	(11,558)
Other postemployment benefits	(102,344)

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES BASIS (GAAP) NET POSITION

\$ 795,595

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Internal Service Funds

- o Motor Pool Fund
- o Public Works Service Fund

MOTOR POOL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive / (Negative)		
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts				
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	570,000	\$	570,000	\$	524,500	\$	(45,500)	
Interest on investments		3,000		3,000		7,282		4,282	
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		339		(6,661)	
TOTAL REVENUES		580,000		580,000		532,121		(47,879)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Personal services		175,141		175,141		151,075		24,066	
Materials and services		331,948		331,948		224,060		107,888	
Capital outlay		420,000		420,000		305,534		114,466	
Contingency		138,774		138,774		-		138,774	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,065,863		1,065,863		680,669		385,194	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(485,863)		(485,863)		(148,548)		337,315	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(485,863)		(485,863)		(148,548)		337,315	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		608,647		608,647		674,946		66,299	
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	122,784	\$	122,784		526,398	\$	403,614	
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES									
Capital assets, net of depreciation						1,417,222			
NET POSITION, Ending					\$	1,943,620			

PUBLIC WORKS SERVICE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -			
		Original	Final			Actual Amounts		Positive / (Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	2,682,493	\$	2,682,493	\$	2,454,577	\$	(227,916)		
TOTAL REVENUES		2,682,493	_	2,682,493		2,454,577		(227,916)		
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Personal services Contingency		2,682,493 182,602		2,682,493 182,602		2,448,932		233,561 182,602		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,865,095		2,865,095		2,448,932		416,163		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(182,602)		(182,602)		5,645		188,247		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(182,602)		(182,602)		5,645		188,247		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		182,602		182,602	-	109,521		(73,081)		
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	-	\$	-		115,166	\$	115,166		
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES										
Prepaid insurance Compensated absences					_	37,891 (192,909)				
NET POSITION, Ending					\$	(39,852)				



OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DEBT PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST TRANSACTIONS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				 Principal					_		
Governmental Funds	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Original Amount	utstanding uly 1, 2016	Is	ssued		Matured nd Paid	utstanding ne 30, 2017	1	Interest Matured and Paid
Oregon Economic Development Loan Urban Renewal Bond - 2012 Urban Renewal Bond - 2015	3% - 5.25% 1% - 3.5% 2% - 3.5%	5/27/2009 2/21/2012 2/24/2015	\$ 1,152,493 \$ 1,035,000 \$ 1,550,000	\$ 940,218 910,000 1,500,000	\$	- - -	\$	36,135 45,000 65,000	\$ 904,083 865,000 1,435,000	\$	44,015 26,918 46,450
Enterprise Funds				 3,350,218		-		146,135	 3,204,083		117,383
Enterprise Funds											
CWSRF Loan Payable	3.83%	6/1/2002	\$ 4,836,437	\$ 2,021,819	\$	-	\$	279,539	\$ 1,742,280	\$	74,785
				 2,021,819		-		279,539	 1,742,280		74,785
Total				\$ 5,372,037	\$	-	\$	425,674	\$ 4,946,363	\$	192,168

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SERVICE FUTURE REQUIREMENTS - LOANS PAYABLE June 30, 2017

Year Ending		Loan P	ayable	<u> </u>		Totals						
June 30	F	Principal		nterest	F	Principal		Interest				
0040	•	00.004	•	40.570	Φ.	00.004	Φ.	40.570				
2018	\$	36,381	\$	42,570	\$	36,381	\$	42,570				
2019		36,636		41,114		36,636		41,114				
2020		41,918		39,557		41,918		39,557				
2021		42,229		37,671		42,229		37,671				
2022		42,518		35,982		42,518		35,982				
2023		42,894		33,856		42,894		33,856				
2024		48,289		31,711		48,289		31,711				
2025		48,620		29,780		48,620		29,780				
2026		54,051		27,349		54,051		27,349				
2027		54,527		24,511		54,527		24,511				
2028		55,003		21,785		55,003		21,785				
2029		60,528		18,897		60,528		18,897				
2030		61,002		16,173		61,002		16,173				
2031		66,524		13,276		66,524		13,276				
2032		67,072		10,116		67,072		10,116				
2033		72,645		6,930		72,645		6,930				
2034		73,246		3,479		73,246		3,479				
	\$	904,083	\$	434,757	\$	904,083	\$	434,757				

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SERVICE FUTURE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS PAYABLE June 30, 2017

Year Ending	Url	oan Renew	enewal Bond -2012 U		Urb	Urban Renewal Bond - 2015				Totals			
June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest		Р	Principal Interest		Principal			nterest	
2018	\$	45,000	\$	26,362		\$	65,000	\$	45,150	\$	110,000	\$	71,512
2019		45,000		25,675			70,000		43,850		115,000		69,525
2020		45,000		24,786			70,000		42,450		115,000		67,236
2021		45,000		23,740			70,000		41,050		115,000		64,790
2022		50,000		22,537			75,000		38,950		125,000		61,487
2023		50,000		21,175			75,000		36,700		125,000		57,875
2024		50,000		19,600			75,000		34,450		125,000		54,050
2025		50,000		17,850			80,000		31,825		130,000		49,675
2026		55,000		16,013			85,000		29,025		140,000		45,038
2027		55,000		14,087			85,000		26,050		140,000		40,137
2028		55,000		12,163			90,000		23,075		145,000		35,238
2029		60,000		10,150			90,000		20,375		150,000		30,525
2030		60,000		8,050			95,000		16,675		155,000		24,725
2031		65,000		5,863			95,000		14,350		160,000		20,213
2032		65,000		3,588			100,000		11,025		165,000		14,613
2032		70,000		1,225			105,000		7,525		175,000		8,750
2033		-		-			110,000		3,850		110,000		3,850
								-					
	\$	865,000	\$	252,864		\$ 1	,435,000	\$	466,375	\$	2,300,000	\$	719,239

CITY OF LA GRANDE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT SERVICE FUTURE REQUIREMENTS - LOANS PAYABLE June 30, 2017

Year Ending	CWSRF Loan			Totals					
June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
					_		_		
2018	\$ 290	,348 \$	63,976	\$	290,348	\$	63,976		
2019	301	,576	52,748		301,576		52,748		
2020	313	,236	41,088		313,236		41,088		
2021	325	,348	28,976		325,348		28,976		
2022	337	,929	16,395		337,929		16,395		
2023	173	,843	3,329		173,843		3,329		
			<u> </u>	,					
	\$ 1,742	,280 \$	206,512	\$	1,742,280	\$	206,512		



STATISTICAL SECTION



UNION COUNTY ASSESSOR/TAX COLLECTOR 1001 4TH STREET, SUITE A LA GRANDE, OREGON 97850

LINDA L. HILL ASSESSOR/TAX COLLECTOR

TELEPHONE (541) 963-1002 FAX (541) 963-1039 TTY 1-800-735-1232

UNION COUNTY

2016/2017 TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS

Name	Assessed Value	Total Tax *
1. BOISE BUILDING SOLUTIONS MFG	\$51,958,254	\$601,227.77
2. UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO	\$47,007,200	\$541,127.07
3. TELOCASET WIND POWER PARTNERS	\$29,341,478	\$276,942.40
4. WAL MART REAL EST BUSINESS TRUST	\$19,576,149	\$268,364.66
5. AVISTA CORP	\$17,004,000	\$241,428.21
6. NORTHWEST PIPELINE CORP	\$19,051,300	\$198,892.85
7. FRONTIER COMMUNICATIONS	\$12,887,000	\$180,866.87
8. TESORO LOGISTICS NW PIPLINE	\$10,133,600	\$106,180.39
9. SAFEWAY INC	\$7,385,262	\$126,845.76
10. ECLIPSE CASCADE RE GR LLC	\$6,203,109	\$105,650.53

^{*}Total Tax can include special assessments

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



110 SE First Street P.O. Box 1533 Pendleton, OR 97801 Phone: (541) 276-6862 Toll Free: 1-800-332-6862

Fax: (541) 276-9040

Web: www.dickeyandtremper.com

Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of La Grande as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of La Grande financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of La Grande was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of La Grande internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Grande internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of La Grande internal control over financial reporting.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate letter dated December 28, 2017.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors/council members/commissioners and management of City of La Grande and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Dickey and Tremper, LLP

Dickey and Tranjur, LLP

December 28, 2017

